DIVISION OF FORESTRY AND WILDLIFE

State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES ENGINEERING DIVISION Honolulu, Hawaii

BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Dawn N.S. Chang Chairperson

CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS AND PLANS

Job No. D00AK67B Lihue-Koloa Forest Reserve Queensland Loop-Road Low Water Crossing Kauai, Hawaii

Prime and Structural Engineer: KAI Hawaii, Inc Civil Engineer: Akinaka and Associates, Inc. Hydraulic: WEST Consultants, Inc. Surveying: Esaki Surveying and Mapping, Inc. Geotechnical and Environmental Permitting: HART Crowser

State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES ENGINEERING DIVISION Honolulu, Hawaii

CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS AND PLANS

Job No. D00AK67B Lihue-Koloa Forest Reserve Queensland Loop-Road Low Water Crossing Kauai, Hawaii

Approved: <u>Robert Hauff</u>

DAVID G. SMITH Administrator Division of Forestry and Wildlife

Approved:

ARTY S. CHANG, P.E. **Chief Engineer Engineering Division**

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PLANS (Bound Separately)

DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES INTERIM GENERAL CONDITIONS, DATED OCTOBER 1994 (Bound Separately)

NOTICE TO BIDDERS (Chapter 103D, HRS)

COMPETITIVE BIDS for Job No. D00AK67B, Lihue-Koloa Forest Reserve Queensland Loop-Road Low Water Crossing, Kauai, Hawaii shall be submitted to the Department of Land and Natural Resources, Engineering Division on the specified date and time through the Hawaii State e-Procurement (HIePRO). HIEPRO is accessible through the State Procurement Office website at www.spo.hawaii.gov.

The Department of Land and Natural Resources Interim General Condition, dated October 1994, as amended, and the General Conditions –AG008, latest revision shall be made part of the specifications.

The project is located within the Lihue-Koloa Forest Reserve, Kauai, Hawaii.

The work shall generally consist of demolition of the existing roadway, construction of a concrete low water crossing across the Wailua River-North Fork consisting of concrete box culverts and retaining walls, and reconstruction of the connecting roadways including concrete swales and grouted riprap.

To be eligible to submit a bid, the Bidder must possess a valid State of Hawaii Contractor's license classification "A".

Interested bidders are strongly advised to attend the State conducted site visit/pre-bid conference on February 26, 2024 at 9:30 am. Please confirm your attendance through the HIePRO solicitation by February 24, 2024. Interested bidders will meet at the Keahua Arboretum located at the end of Kuamoo Road and from there be escorted (with your vehicle) along the access road through the forest reserve to the project site.

The estimated cost of construction is \$1,600,000.

The award of the contract, if it be awarded, will be subject to the availability of funds.

Since the estimated cost of construction is \$250,000 or more, the apprenticeship agreement preference pursuant to Hawaii Revised Statutes \$103-55.6 (ACT 17, SLH 2009) shall apply.

Should there be any questions, please refer to the HIePRO solicitation.

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

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INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

- A. <u>PROJECT LOCATION AND SCOPE OF WORK</u>: The project location and scope of work shall be as generally described in the Notice to Bidders.
- B. <u>PROPOSALS</u>: Bidders shall submit their bid, including the completed proposal form, bid bond, and any other documents required by the solicitation as part of their bid through the State of Hawaii e-Procurement System (HIePRO). See Item D, PROPOSAL FORM.
- C. <u>GENERAL CONDITIONS</u>: The Department of Land and Natural Resources Interim General Conditions dated October 1994, as amended, shall be made a part of these contract specifications and are referred to hereafter as the General Conditions.
- D. <u>PROPOSAL FORM</u>: The Bidders shall fill out and upload the electronic copy of the proposal form to the HIePRO website when submitting the bid. Bid Proposals shall not be mailed, faxed or delivered to the State, unless requested to do so after the designated closing date. The successful Bidder shall fill out and print a hard copy of the proposal form, sign and submit the form with the contract award package.
- E. <u>OMISSIONS OR ERASURES</u>: Any proposal which contains any omission or erasure or alteration not properly initialed, or conditional bid, or other irregularity may be rejected by the Board of Land and Natural Resources (Board).

F. NOTICE OF INTENT TO BID AND QUESTIONNAIRE:

A Notice of Intent to Bid is not required for this project. In compliance with HRS Section 103D-310, the lowest responsive and responsible bidder may be required to complete a questionnaire. When requested by the State, the completed questionnaire shall be submitted to the Chief Engineer for evaluation. Failure to furnish the requested information within the time allowed may be grounds for a determination of non-responsibility, in accordance with HRS Section 103D-310 and HAR Section 3-122-108.

G. <u>BID SECURITY</u>: A bid security will be furnished by each bidder as provided in sub-section 2.7 of the General Conditions. The successful bidder's bid security will be retained until Contract execution and furnished a performance and payment bond in an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the total Contract price, including an amount estimated to be required for extra work, is furnished.

The Board reserves the right to hold the bid securities of the four lowest bidders until the successful bidder has entered into a contract and has furnished the required performance bond. All bid securities will be returned in accordance with sub-section 3.5 of the General Conditions.

Should the successful bidder fail to enter into a contract and furnish a satisfactory performance bond within the time stated in the proposal, the bid security shall be forfeited as required by law.

H. <u>CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE REQUIRED</u>: The Board will reject all bids received from contractors who have not been licensed by the State Contractors License Board in accordance

with Chapter 444, HRS; Title 16, Chapter 77, Hawaii Administrative Rules; and statutes amendatory thereto.

- I. <u>IRREGULAR BIDS</u>: No irregular bids or propositions for doing the work will be considered by the Board.
- J. <u>WITHDRAWAL OF BIDS</u>: No bidder may withdraw his bid between the time of the opening thereof and the award of contract.
- K. <u>SUCCESSFUL BIDDER TO FILE PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT BONDS</u>: The successful bidder will be required to file performance and payment bonds each; in the amount equal to the total contract price, including amounts estimated to be required for extra work, as provided in sub-section 3.6 of the General Conditions.
- L. <u>NUMBER OF EXECUTED ORIGINAL COUNTERPARTS OF CONTRACT</u> <u>DOCUMENTS</u>: If requested by the Board, six copies of the Contract, performance and payment bonds shall be executed.
- M. <u>CHANGE ORDERS</u>: No work of any kind in connection with the work covered by the plans and specifications shall be considered as change order work, or entitle the Contractor to extra compensation, except when the work has been ordered in writing by the Chief Engineer (Engineer) and in accordance with sub-section 4.2 of the General Conditions.

The Contractor shall clearly identify and inform the Engineer in writing of any deviations from the contract documents at the time of submission and shall obtain the Engineer's written approval to the specified deviation prior to proceeding with any work.

N. <u>WAGES AND HOURS</u>: In accordance with sub-sections 7.3 to 7.9 of the General Conditions relative to hours of labor, minimum wages and overtime pay, the current minimum wage rates promulgated by the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR) shall be paid to the various classes of laborers and mechanics engaged in the performance of this contract on the job site. The minimum wages shall be increased during the performance of the contract in an amount equal to the increase in the prevailing wages for those kinds of work as periodically determined by the DLIR.

The Department of Land and Natural Resources will not recognize any claim for additional compensation because of the payment by the Contractor of any wage rate in excess of the said minimum wage rates. The possibility of wage increase is one of the elements to be considered by the Contractor in determining his bid, and will not, under any circumstances, be considered as the basis of a claim against the Department under this Contract.

No work shall be done on Saturdays, Sundays, legal State holidays, and/or in excess of eight (8) hours each day without the written consent of the Engineer. Should permission be granted to work at such times, the Contractor shall pay for all inspection administrative costs thereof. No work shall be done at night unless authorized by the Engineer.

O. <u>PERMITS</u>: The State will process permit applications whenever possible, and the Contractor shall procure the pre-processed permits and pay the required fees. If permit applications are not processed by the State, the Contractor shall process the permit applications, permits and

licenses, and pay all charges and fees. In all cases, the Contractor shall give all notices necessary and incident to the due and lawful prosecution of the work.

P. <u>PROPERTY DAMAGE</u>: It shall be the responsibility of the contractor to respect State property and to prevent damage to existing improvements. The Contractor will be responsible for damages resulting from construction operations. Immediately upon discovery, the Contractor shall repair such damage to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

All trees and shrubbery outside the excavation, embankment or construction limits shall be fully protected from injury.

Q. <u>TIME</u>: The time of completion is specified in the Proposal. It is the Board's intention to insist the Contractor diligently prosecute the work to completion within the specified time.

Prospective bidders are reminded that the State has the option to proceed with or abandon a project depending on whether the project can be completed for occupancy in the specified time.

It is the bidder's responsibility to check the availability of all materials before bidding. The bidder shall select sub-contractors and suppliers who can warrant availability and delivery of all specified or qualified materials to assure project completion within the specified time.

The successful bidder must assume all risks for completing the project by the specified date. There shall be no extension of time for any reason except for delays caused by acts of God, labor disputes involving unions, or actions of the State. If for any reason the project falls behind schedule, the Contractor shall at its own cost, take necessary remedial measures to get the project back on schedule, i.e., working overtime, air freighting all materials, etc. In addition, if the Contractor fails to fully complete the project by the completion date, Contractor will be required to make the facility usable at its own cost.

R. <u>BIDDER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO PROVIDE PROPER SUPERINTENDENCE</u>: The successful low bidder shall designate in writing to the Engineer the name of its authorized superintendent (Superintendent), who will be present at the job site whenever any work is in progress. The Superintendent shall be responsible for all work, receiving and implementing instructions from the Engineer in a timely manner. The cost for superintendence shall be considered incidental to the project.

If the Superintendent is not present at the site of work, the Engineer shall have the right to suspend the work as described under sub-section 5.5 c. and 7.20 - Suspension of Work of the General Conditions.

- S. <u>LIQUIDATED DAMAGES</u>: Liquidated damages in the amount specified in the Proposal will be assessed for each and every calendar day from and after the expiration of the time period stated in the Contract for the completion of the project.
- T. <u>HIRING OF HAWAII RESIDENTS</u>: The Contractor shall comply with Act 68, SLH 2010, in the performance and for the duration of this contract. The Contractor shall ensure that Hawaii residents compose not less than eighty percent of the workforce employed to perform the contract work on the project. The eighty percent requirement shall be determined by

dividing the total number of hours worked on the contract by Hawaii residents, by the total number of hours worked on the contract by all employees of the Contractor in the performance of the contract. The hours worked by any Subcontractor of the Contractor shall count towards the calculation for this section. The hours worked by employees with shortage trades, as determined by the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR), shall not be included in the calculation for this section.

The requirements shall apply to any subcontract of \$50,000 or more in connection with the Contractor, that is, such Subcontractors must also ensure that Hawaii residents compose not less than eighty percent of the Subcontractor's workforce used to perform the subcontract.

- U. <u>WATER AND ELECTRICITY</u>: The Contractor shall make all necessary arrangements and pay all expenses for water and electricity used in the construction of this project.
- V. <u>PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY</u>: The Contractor shall conduct construction operations with due regard to the convenience and safety of the public at all times. No materials or equipment shall be stored where it will interfere with the safe passage of public traffic. The Contractor shall provide, install, and maintain in satisfactory condition, all necessary signs, flares and other protective facilities and shall take all necessary precautions for the protection of the work and the convenience and safety of the public. The Engineer shall have the right to suspend the performance of the work in accordance with sub-section 7.20 Suspension of Work of the General Conditions.
- W. <u>WORK TO BE DONE WITHOUT DIRECT PAYMENT</u>: Whenever the contract that the Contractor is to perform work or furnish materials of any kind for which no price is fixed in the contract, it shall be understood that the Contractor shall perform such work or furnish said materials without extra charge or allowance or direct payment of any sort. The cost of performing such work or furnishing said material is to be included by the Contractor in a unit price for the appropriate item unless it is expressly specified that such work or material is to be paid for as extra work.
- X. <u>AS-BUILT DRAWINGS</u>: As-built drawings, the intent of which is to record the actual inplace construction so that any future renovations or tie-ins can be anticipated accurately, shall be required. All authorizations given by the Engineer to deviate from the plans shall be drawn on the job site plans. All deviations from alignments, elevations and dimensions which are stipulated on the plans shall be recorded on the as-built drawings. Final as-built drawings shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval. After the Engineer approves the as-built drawings, the contractor shall submit an electronic copy in Adobe PDF format on CD ROM.
- Y. <u>ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS</u>: The use of asbestos containing materials or equipment is prohibited. The Contractor shall insure that all materials and equipment incorporated in the project are asbestos-free
- Z <u>WORKER SAFETY</u>: The Contractor shall provide, install and maintain in satisfactory condition all necessary protective facilities and shall take all necessary precautions for the protection and safety of its workers in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Standards for the State of Hawaii. The Engineer shall have the right to suspend the performance of the work in accordance with sub-section 7.20 Suspension of Work of the

General Conditions.

- AA. <u>TOILET FACILITIES</u>: All toilet facilities constructed at the project site shall be in accordance with the Public Health Regulations of the State Department of Health (DOH). All necessary precautions shall be observed at the project site. The use of sanitary facilities shall be strictly enforced and workers violating these provisions shall be promptly discharged.
- BB. <u>SIGNS</u>: Whenever the project involves closing or obstructing any public thoroughfare, the Contractor shall provide traffic signs conforming to the applicable provisions of the current edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", published by the Federal Highway Administration as directed by the Engineer for the purpose of diverting or warning traffic prior to the construction area. All traffic signs shall bear proper wording stating thereon the necessary information as to diverting or warning traffic.

When indicated in the Proposal, the Contractor shall provide a project sign, size 4'-0" x 7'-0" to be placed as directed by the Engineer. The sign shall be constructed in accordance with Section 01581 - Project Sign of these specifications and approved by the Engineer. All wording, type and size of lettering and color selection shall be as specified in these specifications or as approved by the Engineer.

All signs shall be kept neat and clean, and properly erected at all times.

- CC. <u>FIELD OFFICE AREA FOR DEPARTMENT</u>: When indicated in the Proposal, the Contractor shall provide a housed working area of at least 100 square feet adjacent to the Contractor's office for the Department's use. This area will be used by the Engineer to perform tests and to store equipment. As a minimum, the field office shall include the following: standard sized office desk and chair, lighting, ventilation, window-type air conditioning rated at 5,000 BTU, door and window with locking hardware, electrical outlets, and working communications facilities (a cellular telephone is acceptable). The Department will pay for all long distance toll charges made by the Engineer.
- DD. <u>QUANTITIES</u>: All bids will be compared on the basis of quantities of work to be done as shown in the Proposal; the quantities shown in the Unit Price items are estimated, being given as a basis for comparison of bids. The Board reserves the right to increase or decrease the quantities given under the items or delete items entirely as may be required during the progress of the work.
- EE. <u>OTHER HEALTH MEASURES</u>: Forms of work site exposure or conditions which may be detrimental to the health or welfare of workers or of the general public shall be eliminated or reduced to safe levels as required by the DOH codes, standards, and regulations. Suitable first aid kits and a person qualified to render first aid, as specified in the DOH regulations, shall be provided at all times when work is scheduled.
- FF. <u>HAWAII BUSINESS OR COMPLIANT NON-HAWAII BUSINESS REQUIREMENT</u>: Bidders (Contractors) shall be incorporated or organized under the laws of the State or be registered to do business in the State as a separate branch or division that is capable of fully performing under the contract, as stipulated in §3-122-112 HAR.

GG. <u>COMPLIANCE WITH §3-122-112 HAR</u>:

As a condition for award of the contract and as proof of compliance with the requirements of 103D-310(c) HRS, the apparent low bidder shall furnish the required documents to the Department. If the valid required certificates are not submitted on a timely basis for award of a contract, a bidder otherwise responsive and responsible may not receive the award. Bidder is responsible to apply for and submit the following documents to the Department.

- A. TAX CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS (HRS Chapter 237): Bidder shall obtain a tax clearance certificate from the Hawaii State Department of Taxation (DOTAX) and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The certificate is valid for six months from the most recently approved stamp date on the certificate; the certificate must be valid on the date received by the Department.
- B. Department of Labor (DLIR) "Certificate of Compliance". (HRS Chapter 383 -Unemployment Insurance, Chapter 386 - Workers' Compensation, Chapter 392 -Temporary Disability Insurance, and 393 – Prepaid Health Care): Bidder shall obtain a certificate of compliance from the Hawaii State Department of Labor and Industrial relations (DLIR). The certificate is valid for six months from the date of issue; certificates must be valid on the date received by the Department.
- C. Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs (DCCA), Business Registration Division (BREG) "**Certificate of Good Standing**". Bidder shall obtain a certificate of good standing issued by the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs (DCCA), Business Registration Division (BREG). The certificate of good standing is valid for six months from the date of issue; certificates must be valid on the date received by the Department.

Alternately, instead of separately applying for these certificates at the various state agencies, bidder may choose to use the Hawaii Compliance Express (HCE), which allows businesses to register online through a simple wizard interface at http://vendors.ehawaii.gov to acquire a "Certificate of Vendor Compliance" indicating the bidder's status is compliant with the requirements of §103D-310(c), HRS, and shall be accepted for contracting and final payment purposes. Bidders that elect to use the new HCE services will be required to pay an annual fee of \$12.00 to the Hawaii Information Consortium, LLC (HIC). Bidders choosing not to participate in the HCE program will be required to provide the paper certificates as instructed in the previous paragraphs.

PROPOSAL

FOR

DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES ENGINEERING DIVISION State of Hawaii

Job No. D00AK67B Lihue-Koloa Forest Reserve Queensland Loop-Road Low Water Crossing Kauai, Hawaii

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Chief Engineer Engineering Division Department of Land and Natural Resources State of Hawaii Honolulu, Hawaii

Dear Sir:

The undersigned, having carefully examined the local conditions and all available records and information covering conditions which may affect the cost of the work to be performed, and having carefully examined the Plans and Specifications, and other contract documents, hereby proposes to furnish and pay for all materials, tools, equipment, labor and other incidental work necessary for the partial demolition of the existing roadway to the crossing, construction of a concrete low water crossing across the Wailua River-North Fork consisting of concrete box culverts and retaining walls, and reconstruction of the connecting roadway including concrete swales and grouted riprap, as required or called for in this Proposal, all according to the true intent and meaning of the Notice to Bidders, Information and Instructions to Bidders, Proposal, Detailed Specifications, Interim General Conditions, Plans, and any and all addenda for:

Job No. D00AK67B Lihue-Koloa Forest Reserve Queensland Loop-Road Low Water Crossing Kauai, Hawaii

on file in the office of the Engineering Division for the TOTAL BASE BID (Items 1 to 23) of:

_Dollars (\$

and will fully complete all work under this contract within 360 consecutive calendar days from the date of written notice to proceed, including date of said order, said total sum being itemized on the following pages.

| Item No. | Quantity | Unit | Description | Unit Price | Total |
|-------------|--------------------------------|------|--|------------|---------------------|
| 1.01 | PASE PID | | | | |
| | | | <u>DAGE DID</u> | T | |
| 1 | | LS | Installation, Maintenance, Monitoring and Removal of BMPs | LS | \$ |
| 2 | | LS | Clearing and Grubbing, including removal of debris from site | LS | \$ |
| 3 | | LS | Removal of Trees | LS | \$ |
| 4 | | LS | Unclassified Roadway Excavation, including embankment, grading and hauling of excavated material as shown on plans and disposal of all unsuitable excess excavated material and all incidental items necessary to complete the work in place. | LS | \$ |
| 5 | | LS | Drainage Swale | LS | \$ |
| 6 | 538 | SY | Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, Mix No. IV for Roadway & Approaches 2-inch thick | \$ | \$ |
| 7 | 90 | СҮ | Base Course, 6-inch thick, for Roadway & | ¢ | ¢ |
| 8 | 269 | СҮ | Select Borrow Subbase Course, 18-inch thick, for Roadway Approaches | \$ | \$ |
| 9 | 4842 | SF | Sq. Ft., Polypropylene Geotextile Fabric (Under Road Base Course Laver) | \$ | \$ |
| 10 | | LS | Wingwalls and footings, including excavation, basecourse, and backfill. | LS | \$ |
| 11 | | LS | Retaining Wall, including footings excavation, basecourse, and backfill | LS | s |
| 12 | | LS | Rip Rap | LS | \$ |
| 13 | | LS | Crossing 12" Leveling Gravel wrapped in geotextile fabric | LS | \$ |
| 14 | | LS | Crossing Precast Culvert | LS | \$ |
| 15 | | LS | Crossing Concrete Slab and curbs | LS | \$ |
| 16 | | LS | Crossing Upstream Concrete Apron | LS | \$ |
| 17 | | LS | Crossing Downstream Concrete Apron | LS | \$ |
| 18 | | LS | Crossing FRP Debris Catcher | LS | \$ |
| 19 | | LS | Crossing Hand Laid Rip Rap including geotextile fabric | LS | \$ |
| 20 | | LS | Landscaping Soil Preparation and Planting | LS | \$ |
| 21 | | LS | Project Sign | LS | \$ |
| 22 | 22 Allowance | | Field Office | Allowance | <u>\$ 10,000.00</u> |
| | Subtotal Base Bid (Items 1-22) | | | | \$ |
| 23 | | LS | Mobilization and Demobilization (not to exceed 10% of the Subtotal Base Bid) | LS | \$ |
| | Total Base Bid (Items 1-23) | | | | \$ |

PROPOSAL

RECYCLED PRODUCTS PREFERENCE

This project allows a 10% price preference for recycled products in accordance with HRS 103D-1005. Please indicate your selection of recycled or non-recycled product by indicating its cost FOB jobsite unloaded in the schedule below, including applicable General Excise & Use Taxes.

| DESCRIPTION | <u>RECYCLED</u> <u>PRODUCT COST</u> | NONRECYCLED PRODUCT COST |
|-------------|--|-----------------------------|
| | \$ | \$ \$ |
| | \$ \$ | \$ \$ \$ |

The bidder requesting a recycled product preference shall also complete and submit the form "CERTIFICATION OF RECYCLED CONTENT" as shown in the Interim General Conditions and provide all supporting information with this proposal. Additional information may be requested to qualify a product.

The following definitions are applicable to the CERTIFICATION OF RECYCLED CONTENT form:

"Post-consumer recovered material" means any product used by a consumer, including a business that purchases the material, that has served its intended end use, and that has been separated or diverted from the solid waste stream for the purpose of use, reuse, or recycling.

"Product" includes materials, manufactures, supplies, merchandise, goods, wares, and foodstuffs.

"Recovered material" means waste material and by-products that have been separated, diverted, or removed from the solid waste stream after a manufacturing process for the purpose of use, reuse, or recycling. Recovered material does not include those materials and by-products that are generated and normally reused on-site or within original manufacturing processes (such as mill broke, in the case of paper products).

"Recycled content" means the percentage of a product composed of recovered material, or postconsumer recovered material, or both.

"Recycled product" means a product containing recovered material, or post-consumer recovered material, or both.

The bidder agrees that preference for recycled products shall be taken into consideration to determine the low bidder in accordance with said Section and the rules promulgated, however, the award of contract will be in the amount of the bid offered exclusive any preference.

APPRENTICESHIP AGREEMENT PREFERENCE

- 1. If applicable to this project, any bidder seeking the preference must be a party to an apprenticeship agreement registered with the State Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR) at the time the bid is submitted for each apprenticeable trade the bidder will employ to construct the project. "Employ" means the employment of a person in an employer-employee relationship.
 - a. The apprenticeship agreement shall be registered with the DLIR and conform to the requirements of Hawaii Revised Statutes Chapter 372.
 - b. Subcontractors do not have to be a party to an apprenticeship agreement for the bidder to obtain preference.
 - c. The bidder is not required to have apprentices in its employ at the time the bid is submitted to qualify for the preference.
- A bidder seeking the preference must state the apprenticeable trade the bidder will employ for each trade to be employed to perform the work by submitting a completed <u>signed original</u> *Certification Form 1* verifying participation in an apprenticeship program registered with DLIR. "Apprenticeable trade" shall have the same meaning as "apprenticeable occupation" pursuant to Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR) §12-30-5.
 - a. The *Certification Form 1* shall be authorized by an apprenticeship sponsor listed on the DLIR list of registered apprenticeship programs. "Sponsor" means an operator of an apprenticeship program and in whose name the program is approved and registered with the DLIR pursuant to HAR §12-30-1.
 - b. The authorization shall be an original signature by an authorized official of the apprenticeship sponsor.
 - c. The completed <u>signed original</u> *Certification Form 1* for each trade must be submitted with the bid. Previous certifications shall not apply.
 - d. When filling out the *Certification Form 1*, the name of Apprenticeable Trade and Apprenticeship Sponsor must be the same as recorded in the List of Construction Trades in Registered Apprenticeship Programs that is posted on the DLIR website. "Registered apprenticeship program" means a construction trade program approved by the DLIR pursuant to HAR §12-301 and §12-30-4.
 - e. The *Certificate Form 1* and the List of Construction Trades in Registered Apprenticeship Programs is available on the DLIR website at: <u>http://hawaii.gov/labor/wdd</u>.
- 3. Upon receiving the *Certification Form 1*, the Procurement Officer will verify that the apprenticeship program is on the List of Construction Trades in Registered Apprenticeship Programs and that the form is signed by an authorized official of the Apprenticeship Program Sponsor. If the programs and signature are not confirmed by the DLIR, the bidder will not qualify for the preference.
- 4. If the bidder is certified to participate in an apprenticeship program for each trade which will be employed by the bidder for the project, a preference will be applied to decrease the bidder's bid

amount by five percent (5%) for evaluation purposes.

5. Should the bidder qualify for other preferences, all applicable preferences shall be applied to the bid price.

CONTRIBUTIONS BY STATE AND COUNTY CONTRACTORS PROHIBITED

Contractors are hereby notified of the applicability of Section 11-355, HRS, which states that campaign contributions are prohibited from specified State or county government contractors during the term of the contract if the contractors are paid with funds appropriated by a legislative body.

CONDITION OF AWARD

It is understood that the award of the contract will be made on the basis of the lowest responsible Total Base Bid (Items 1 to 23) selected by the Board of Land and Natural Resources. Write the total of bid items 1 to 23 on page P-1.

It is understood and agreed that the Board of Land and Natural Resources reserves the right to reject any and/or all bids and waive any defects when, in the Board's opinion, such rejection or waiver will be for the best interest of the State of Hawaii.

In the event all bids exceed available funds certified by the appropriate fiscal officer, the head of the purchasing agency responsible for the procurement in question is authorized in situations where time or economic considerations preclude resolicitation of work of a reduced scope to negotiate an adjustment of the bid price, including changes in the bid requirements, with the low responsible and responsive bidder, in order to bring the bid within the amount of available funds. It is understood and agreed upon that the head of the purchasing agency may delete a portion or all of any item(s) in the proposal at the stated unit or lump sum price as necessary to stay within the available funding. The bidder is responsible to make an earnest effort to represent the actual cost of each item, including all materials, labor, equipment, overhead and profit in their bid proposal to preclude claims of anticipated profit or loss of profit because of an unbalanced bid proposal.

It is also understood that if a mutually agreeable cost for the reduced scope of work necessitated by a lack of available funds cannot be agreed upon between the bidder and the head of the purchasing agency within 14 calendar days after the bid opening, then the bid may be rejected in the best interest of the purchasing agency, and the head of the purchasing agency may negotiate in progressive order (lowest to highest) with the next lowest responsible and responsive bidder.

It is also understood and agreed that the award of the contract shall be conditioned upon funds being made available for this project and further upon the right of the Board of Land and Natural Resources to hold all bids received for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of the opening thereof, unless otherwise required by law, during which time no bid may be withdrawn.

It is also understood that Notice to Proceed may be delayed up to three hundred and sixty-five (365) calendar days after the date of bid opening, and that no additional compensation will be provided for any claim for escalation or delay for issuance of Notice to Proceed on or before that date.

It is also understood and agreed that the quantities given herewith are approximate only and are subject to increase or decrease, and that the undersigned will perform all quantities of work as either increased or decreased, in accordance with the provisions of the Contract Specifications.

It is also understood and agreed that the estimated quantities shown for the items for which a UNIT PRICE is asked in this Proposal are only for the purpose of comparing on a uniform basis, bids offered for the work under this contract, and the undersigned agrees that he is satisfied with and will at no time, dispute said estimated quantities as a means of claims for anticipated profit or loss of profit, because of a difference between the quantities of the various classes of work done or the materials and equipment installed, and the said estimated quantities. On UNIT PRICE bids, payment will be made only for the actual number of units incorporated into the finished project at the contract UNIT PRICE.

After the HIePRO bid due date and time, the figures will be extended and/or totaled in accordance with the bid prices of the acceptable proposals and the totals will be compared. In the comparison of bids, words written in the proposal shall govern over figures and unit prices will govern over totals. Until the award of the contract, however, the right will be reserved to reject any and all proposals and to

waive any defects or technicalities as may be deemed best for the interest of the State.

It is also understood and agreed that liquidated damages in the amount of <u>Three Hundred and No/100</u> <u>Dollars (\$ 300.00)</u> for each and every calendar day in excess thereof prior to completion of the contract shall be withheld from payments due to the Contractor.

It is also understood and agreed that if this bid is accepted, the successful bidder must enter into and execute a contract with the Board of Land and Natural Resources and furnish a Performance and Payment Bond, as required by law. These bonds shall conform to provisions of Section 103D-324 and 325, Hawaii Revised Statutes and any law applicable hereto.

It is also understood and agreed that the successful bidder will provide all necessary labor, materials, tools, equipment, and other incidentals necessary to do all the work and furnish all the materials specified in the contract in the manner and time herein prescribed, and according to the requirements of the Engineer as therein set forth.

It is understood that by submitting this proposal, the undersigned is declaring that his firm has not been assisted or represented on this matter by an individual who has, in a State capacity, been involved in the subject matter of this contract in the past two years.

It is understood that by submitting this proposal in accordance with HAR 3-122-192, the undersigned is declaring that the price submitted is independently arrived without collusion.

It is also understood that by submitting this proposal, a <u>Certification for Safety and Health Programs</u> for bids in excess of \$100,000 (in accordance with HRS 396-18), the undersigned certifies that his organization will have a written safety and health plan for this project that will be available and implemented by the Notice to Proceed date of this project. Details of the requirements of this plan may be obtained from the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, Occupational, Safety and Health Division (HIOSH).

It is further understood and agreed that the successful bidder shall comply with paragraph <u>3.1.a</u> <u>"SUBCONTRACTING"</u> of the General Provisions which requires that the contractor shall perform with his own organization and with the assistance of workmen under his immediate superintendence, work of a value not less than twenty percent (20%) of the value of all work embraced in the Contract, except that certain contract items of work, if specifically referred to in the special provisions, will be exempted from said twenty percent requirement.

Compliance with §103-310 HRS. As a condition of award all bidders shall comply with all laws governing entities doing business in the State, including Chapter 237 HRS (general excise tax); Chapter 383 HRS (employment security – unemployment insurance); Chapter 386 HRS (workers compensation); Chapter 392 HRS (temporary disability insurance); and Chapter 393 HRS (pre-paid health care), and shall produce all documents to the State (DLNR, Engineering Division) required to demonstrate compliance with these subsections. Any bidder making a false affirmation or certification under this subsection shall be suspended and may be debarred from further offerings or awards pursuant to §103D-702 HRS.

RECEIPT OF ADDENDA

The bidder also acknowledges receipt of any and all addenda issued by the Engineering Division, by recording the date of receipt of the respective addenda in the space provided below:

| <u>Addendum</u> | Date Received | <u>Addendum</u> | Date Received |
|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| No. 1 | | No. 5 | |
| No. 2 | | No. 6 | |
| No. 3 | | No. 7 | |
| No. 4 | | No. 8 | |

It is understood that failure to receive any such addendum shall not relieve the Contractor from any obligation under this Proposal as submitted.

It is also understood and agreed that if this Proposal is accepted and the undersigned should fail or neglect to contract as aforesaid, the Board may determine that the bidder has abandoned the Contract, and thereupon, forfeiture of the security accompanying his proposal shall operate and the same shall become the property of the Board.

JOINT CONTRACTORS OR SUBCONTRACTORS TO BE ENGAGED ON THIS PROJECT

The Bidder agrees that the following is a complete listing of all joint contractors or subcontractors covered under Chapter 444, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), who will be engaged by the Bidder on this project to perform the required work indicated pursuant to Section 103D-302, HRS. It is the <u>sole responsibility of the contractor</u> to review the requirements of this Project and determine the appropriate licenses that are required to complete the Project. The Bidder certifies that the completed listing of joint contractors or subcontractors fulfills the requirements for the project and the Bidder, together with the listed subcontractors or joint contractors have all the specialty contractor's licenses to complete the work, except as provided for in HRS §103D-302(b). Failure of the Bidder to comply with this requirement may be just cause for rejection of the bid.

"A" General Engineering Contractors and "B" General Building Contractors are reminded that due to the Hawaii Supreme Court's January 28, 2002 decision in <u>Okada Trucking Co., Ltd. v. Board of</u> <u>Water Supply, et al.</u>, 97 Haw. 450 (2002), they are prohibited from undertaking any work, solely or as part of a larger project, which would require the general contractor to act as a specialty contractor in any area in which the general contractor has no license. Although the "A" and "B" contractor may still bid on and act as the "prime" contractor on an "A" or "B" project (See, *HRS* §444-7 *for the definitions of an "A" and "B" project.*), respectively, the "A" and "B" contractor may only perform work in the areas in which they have the appropriate contractor's license (*An "A" or "B" contractor obtains "C" specialty contractor's license either on its own, or automatically under HAR § 16-77-32</u>). The remaining work must be performed by appropriately licensed entities.*

General Engineering "A" Contractors automatically have these "C" specialty contractor's licenses: C-3, C-9, C-10, C-17, C-24, C-31a, C-32, C-35, C-37a, C-37b, C-38, C-43, C-49, C-56, C-57a, C-57b and C-61.

General Building "B" Contractors automatically have these "C" specialty contractor's licenses: C-5, C-6, C-10, C-12, C-24, C-25, C-31a, C-32a, C-42a and C-42b.

In completing the Joint Contractors or Subcontractors List, describe the specialty contractor's nature and scope of work to be performed for this project and provide the complete firm name of the joint contractor or subcontractor in the respective columns. If the Bidder is a general contractor and providing the work of the required specialty contractor, fill in the Bidder's (general contractor's) name and nature and scope of work to be performed on this project.

List only one joint contractor or subcontractor per required specialty contractor's classification, unless within the same specialty, the work of each joint contractor or subcontractor can be described so that there is <u>no</u> overlap in work descriptions.

If a contractor's license is required by law for the performance of the work which is called for in this bid, the bidder and all subcontractors must have the required license before the submission of the bidder's proposal in the case of a non-federal aid project, and for federal-aid projects, the bidder must have the required license prior to the award of the project and all subcontractors prior to the start of the subcontracted work.

| COMPLETE FIRM NAME OF JOINT CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR | NATURE AND SCOPE OF WORK TO BE PERFORMED |
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Enclosed herewith is a:

| 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. | Surety Bond (*1) Legal Tender (*2) Cashier's Check (*3) Certificate of Deposit (*3) Certified Check (*3) Official Check (*3) Share Certificate (*3) Teller's Check (*3) Treasurer's Check (*3) (Cross Out Those No |))) in the) amount) of) t Applicable) |
|--|---|--|
| | | Dollars (\$) |
| as required by law. | | |
| | | Respectfully submitted, |
| | | Name of Company, Joint Venture or Partnership |
| | | Contractor's License No. |
| | | By Signature (*4) |
| | | Title Print Name |
| | | Address |
| | | Telephone No. |
| | | E-Mail Address |

NOTES:

- 1. Surety bond underwritten by a company licensed to issue bonds in this State;
- 2. Legal tender; or
- 3. A certificate of deposit; share certificate; or cashier's, treasurer's, teller's, or official check drawn by, or a certified check accepted by, and payable on demand to the State by a bank, a savings institution, or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration.
 - A. These instruments may be utilized only to a maximum of \$100,000.
 - B. If the required security or bond amount totals over \$100,000, more than one instrument not exceeding \$100,000 each and issued by different financial institutions shall be accepted.
- 4. Please attach to this page evidence of the authority of this officer to submit bids on behalf of the Company and also the names and residence addresses of all officers of the Company.
- 5. Fill in all blank spaces with information asked for or bid may be invalidated. <u>PROPOSAL</u> <u>MUST BE INTACT, MISSING PAGES MAY INVALIDATE YOUR BID.</u>

End of Proposal

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Amend INTERIM GENERAL CONDITIONS, dated October 1994, as follows:

Section 2 – Proposal Requirements and Conditions

1. AMEND Section 2.1 Qualification of Bidder with the following:

Written Notice of Intent to Bid or Offer: A written Notice of Intent to Bid is not required for the Solicitation.

Standard Qualification Questionnaire: Bidders may be required to complete a standard qualifications questionnaire. When requested, the information shall be furnished within two working days or longer at the discretion of the Engineer. Failure to furnish the requested information within the time allowed may be grounds for a determination of non-responsibility, in accordance with HRS Section 103D-310 and HAR Section 3-122-108.

Hawaii Business or Compliant Non-Hawaii Business Requirement: Bidders shall be incorporated or organized under the laws of the State or be registered to do business in the State as a separate branch or division that is capable of fully performing under the contract, as stipulated in §3-122-112 HAR. A certified letter is not required prior to bid opening.

Compliance with §3-122-112 HAR: As a condition for award of the contract and as proof of compliance with the requirements of 103D-310(c) HRS, the apparent low bidder shall furnish the required documents to the Department. If the valid required certificates are not submitted on a timely basis for award of a contract, a bidder otherwise responsive and responsible may not receive the award. Bidder is responsible to apply for and submit the following documents to the Department.

- A. Tax Clearance (HRS Chapter 237): Bidder shall obtain a tax clearance certificate from the Hawaii State Department of Taxation (DOTAX) and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The certificate is valid for six months from the most recently approved stamp date on the certificate; the certificate must be valid on the date received by the Department.
- B. Department of Labor (DLIR) "Certificate of Compliance". (HRS Chapter 383 Unemployment Insurance, Chapter 386 - Workers' Compensation, Chapter 392 - Temporary Disability Insurance, and 393 – Prepaid Health Care): Bidder shall obtain a certificate of compliance from the Hawaii State Department of Labor and Industrial relations (DLIR). The certificate is valid for six months from the date of issue; certificates must be valid on the date received by the Department.
- C. Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs (DCCA), Business Registration Division (BREG) "Certificate of Good Standing". Bidder shall obtain a certificate of good standing issued by the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs (DCCA), Business Registration Division (BREG). The certificate of good standing is valid for six months from the date of issue; certificates must be valid on the date received by the Department.

Hawaii Compliance Express. Alternately, instead of separately applying for these certificates at the various state agencies, bidder may choose to use the Hawaii Compliance Express (HCE), which allows businesses to register online through a simple wizard interface at <u>http://vendors.ehawaii.gov</u> to acquire a "Certificate of Vendor compliance" indicating that bidder's status is compliant with requirements of §103D-310(c), HRS, shall be accepted for contracting and final payment purposes.

Bidders that elect to use the new HCE services will be required to pay an annual fee of \$15.00 to the Hawaii

Information Consortium, LLC (HIC). Bidders choosing not to participate in the HCE program will be required to provide the paper certificates as instructed in the previous paragraphs.

2. ADD Section 2.4a, Pre-Bid Conferences

<u>Required Pre-bid Conferences</u>: For construction and design-build projects with an estimated value of \$500,000 or more and solicited under the competitive sealed bid method (103D-302 HRS); and for construction and design-build projects with an estimated value of \$100,000 or more and solicited under the competitive sealed proposal method (103D-303 HRS); a pre-bid conference is required.

<u>Other Pre-Bid Conferences</u>: The Department may require a pre-bid conference for construction or designbuild projects that are below the dollar threshold listed in above or when projects have special or unusual requirements.

<u>Other Conditions</u>: The Department may require the prospective Bidders to make a physical inspection of the project site and make attendance at the pre-bid conference a condition for submitting an offer.

Nothing stated at the pre-bid conference shall change the solicitation unless a change is made by written addendum.

3. **DELETE** Section 2.5, Addenda and Interpretations, in its entirety and replace with the following:

"Discrepancies, omissions, or doubts as to the meaning of drawings and specifications should be communicated using the question and answer section on the HIePRO solicitation for interpretation and must be received in the time frame set in the HIePRO solicitation. Any interpretation, if made and any supplemental instructions will be in the form of written addenda to the plans and specifications and made available prior to the offer due date. It shall be the prospective bidder's sole responsibility to verify and obtain any said addenda. Failure of any bidder to receive any such addendum or interpretation shall not relieve such bidder from any obligation under his bid as submitted. All addenda so issued shall become part of the contract documents."

Section 3 – Award and Execution of Contract

1. **AMEND** Section 3.3, Award of Contract, by deleting "sixty (60)" and replacing with "one hundred eighty (180)" in the first paragraph.

2. AMEND Section 3.3, Award of Contract, by adding the following after the first paragraph:

"If the contract is not awarded within the one hundred eighty (180) days, the Department may request the successful Bidder to extend the time for the acceptance of its bid. The Bidder may reject such a request without penalty; and in such case, the Department may at its sole discretion make a similar offer to the next lowest responsive and responsible bidder and so on until a bid is duly accepted or until the Department elects to stop making such requests."

3. AMEND Section 3.9, Notice to Proceed, by replacing the last paragraph with the following:

In the event the Notice to Proceed is not issued within three hundred and sixty-five (365) calendar days after the date of bid opening, the Contractor may submit a claim for increased labor and materials costs (but not overhead costs). The claim shall be for labor and material

costs incurred after 365 days and the full duration of the contract time allowed for the performance of the work (as specified on Page P-1 of the [Bid] PROPOSAL) have elapsed. Such claims shall be accompanied with the necessary documentation to justify the claim. No payments will be made for escalation costs that are not fully justified as determined by the State.

4. ADD Section 3.10, Protests:

"3.10 PROTESTS—Pursuant to Section 103D-701, Hawaii Revised Statutes, an actual or prospective offeror who is aggrieved in connection with the solicitation or award may submit a protest. Any protest shall be submitting in writing to the Chairperson, Department of Land and Natural Resources, 1151 Punchbowl Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, or designee as specified in the solicitation.

A protest shall be submitted in writing within five (5) working days after the aggrieved person knows or should have known the facts giving rise thereto; provided that a protest based upon the content of the solicitation shall be submitted in writing prior to the date set for receipt of offers. Further provided that a protest of an award or proposed award shall be submitted within five (5) working days after the posting of the award of the contract.

The notice of award, if any, resulting from this solicitation shall be posted on the HIePRO website.

Section 5 – Control of Work

AMEND Section 5.8 Value Engineering Incentive by deleting "\$100,000" and replacing with "\$250,000" in the first paragraph.

Section 6 – Substitution of Materials and Equipment

ADD the following to Section 6.3 Sub-paragraph b:

4. If the substitution meets all the requirements of the specifications and plans.

<u>Section 7 – Prosecution and Progress</u>

1. **DELETE** Section 7.2d in its entirety and replace with the following:

"d. Proof of Insurance Coverage

A Certificate of Insurance or other documentary evidence, to the satisfaction of the Engineer, that the Contractor has in place all insurance coverage required by the contract. The Certificate of Insurance shall contain wording which identifies the Project number and Project title for which the certificate of insurance is issued. Refer to the following for insurance requirements:

1. Insurance Requirements

(a) Obligation of Contractor - Contractor shall not commence any work until it obtains, at its own expense, all required herein insurance. Such insurance must have the approval of the Department as to limit, form and amount and must be maintained with a company authorized by laws of the State to issue such insurance in the State of Hawaii. Coverage by a "Non-Admitted" carrier is permissible provided the carrier has a AM Best's Rating of "A-VII" or better.

- (b) All insurance described herein will be maintained by the Contractor for the full period of the contract and in no event will be terminated or otherwise allowed to lapse prior to written certification of final acceptance of the work by the Department.
- (c) Certificate(s) of Insurance acceptable to the Department shall be filed with the Engineer prior to commencement of the work. Certificates shall identify if the insurance company is a "captive" insurance company or a "Non-Admitted" carrier to the State of Hawaii. The Best's Rating must be stated for the "Non-Admitted" carrier. Certificates shall contain a provision that coverages afforded under the policies will not be canceled or changed until at least thirty (30) days written notice has been given to the Engineer by registered mail. The insurance policies shall name the State of Hawaii, its officers and employees as an additional insured and such coverage shall be noted on the certificate. Should any policy be canceled before final acceptance of the work by the Department, and the Contractor fails to immediately procure replacement insurance as specified, the Department, in addition to all other remedies it may have for such breach, reserves the right to procure such insurance and deduct the cost thereof from any money due to the Contractor.
- (d) Nothing contained in these insurance requirements is to be construed as limiting the extent of Contractor's responsibility for payment of damages resulting from its operations under this contract, including the Contractor's obligation to pay liquidated damages, nor shall it affect the Contractor's separate and independent duty to defend, indemnify and hold the Department harmless pursuant to other provisions of this contract. In no instance will the Department's exercise of an option to occupy and use completed portions of the work relieve the Contractor of the work.
- (e) All insurance described herein shall be primary and cover the insured for all work to be performed under the contract, all work performed incidental thereto or directly or indirectly connected therewith, including traffic detour work or other work performed outside the work area, and all change order work.
- (f) The Contractor shall, from time to time, furnish the Engineer, when requested, satisfactory proof of coverage of each type of insurance required or a copy of the actual policies covering the work. Failure to comply with the Engineer's request may result in suspension of the work, and shall be sufficient grounds to withhold future payments due the Contractor and to terminate the contract for Contractor's default.
- (g) If the Contractor is self-insured, it shall furnish, upon the request and the satisfaction of the Engineer, any documentation to demonstrate the ability to self-insure itself. The Engineer, from time to time, can conduct an audit to determine the ability of the Contractor to be self-insured. Failure to comply with the Engineer's request will be considered a material breach of the contract, and at the discretion of the Engineer, may be sufficient grounds to terminate the contract, suspend any work or withhold future payments.
- (h) It is the responsibility of the Contractor to notify the Department of any changes to its insurance policies or if the Contractor receives a notice of cancellation of any of its insurance policies. The Contractor will immediately provide written notice to the Department should the insurance policies evidenced on its Certificate of Insurance form be cancelled, limited in scope, or not renewed upon expiration.

- 2. Types of Insurance The Contractor shall purchase and maintain insurance described below which shall provide coverage against claims arising out of the Contractor's operations under the contract, whether such operations be by the Contractor itself or by the subcontractor or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable.
 - (a) Worker's Compensation. The Contractor and all subcontractors shall obtain worker's compensation insurance for all persons whom they employ or may employ in carrying out the work under this contact. This insurance shall be in strict conformity with the requirements of the most current and applicable State of Hawaii Worker's Compensation Insurance laws in effect on the date of the execution of this contract and as modified during the duration of the contract.
 - (b) Commercial General Liability. The Contractor shall obtain General Liability insurance with a limit of not less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 aggregate. The insurance policy shall contain the following clauses: 1) "The State of Hawaii is added as an additional insured as respects to operations performed for the State of Hawaii."; and 2) "It is agreed that any insurance maintained by the State of Hawaii will apply in excess of, and not contributed with, insurance provided by this policy." The required limit of insurance may be provided by a single policy or with a combination of primary and excess polices."
 - (c) Comprehensive Automobile Liability. The Contractor shall obtain Auto Liability insurance covering all owned, non-owned and hired autos with a combined single Limit of not less than \$1,000,000 per accident for bodily injury and property damage. The insurance policy shall contain the following clauses: 1) "The State of Hawaii is added as an additional insured as respects to operations performed for the State of Hawaii."; and 2) "It is agreed that any insurance maintained by the State of Hawaii will apply in excess of, and not contributed with, insurance provided by this policy." The required limit of insurance may be provided by a single policy or with a combination of primary and excess polices.

Furthermore, the Contractor's commercial general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance shall include coverage for bodily injury, sickness, disease or death of any person, arising directly or indirectly out of, or in connection with, the performance of work under this contract.

The Contractor's property damage liability insurance shall provide for all damages arising out of injury to or destruction of property of others including the Department's, arising directly or indirectly out of or in connection with the performance of the work under this contract including explosion or collapse.

The Contractor shall either:

- i. Require each of its subcontractors to procure and to maintain during the life of its subcontract, subcontractors' comprehensive general liability, automobile liability and property damage liability insurance of the type and in the same amounts specified herein; or
- ii. Insure the activities of its subcontractors in its own policy.

The Contractor will be permitted, in cooperation with insurers, to maintain a self-insured

retention for up to 25% of the per occurrence combined single limits of the commercial general liability and the automobile liability policies. The existence of the self-insured retention must be noted on the certificate of insurance coverage submitted to the Department or else it will be understood that the insurer is providing first dollar coverage for all claims. For all claims within the self-insured retention amount, the rights, duties and obligations between the Contractor and the Department shall be identical to that between a liability insurer and the Department, as an additional insured, as if there was no self-insured retention.

(d) Builder's Risk Insurance. Unless included in the Specifications of this project, the Contractor shall not be required to provide builder's risk insurance. If required as noted in the Specifications, builder's risk insurance shall be provided during the progress of work and until final acceptance by the Department upon completion of the contract. It shall be "All Risk" (including but not limited to earthquake, windstorm and flood damage) completed value insurance coverage on all completed work and work in progress to the full replacement value thereof. Such insurance shall include the Department as additional name insured. The insurance policy shall contain the following clauses: 1) "The State of Hawaii is added as an additional insured as respects to operations performed for the State of Hawaii."; and 2) "It is agreed that any insurance maintained by the State of Hawaii will apply in excess of, and not contributed with, insurance provided by this policy." The required limit of insurance may be provided by a single policy or with a combination of primary and excess polices.

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for its approval all items deemed to be uninsurable. The policy may provide for a deductible in an amount of up to 25% of the amount insured by the policy. With respect to all losses up to any deductible amount, the relationship between the Contractor and the Department shall be that of insurer and additional insured as if no deductible existed".

2. **DELETE** Section 7.16 in its entirety and replace with the following:

"RESPONSIBILITY FOR DAMAGE CLAIMS; INDEMNITY – The Contractor shall indemnify the State and the Department against all loss of or damage to the State's or the Department's existing property and facilities arising out of any act or omission committed in the performance of the work by the Contractor, any subcontractor or their employees and agents. Contractor shall defend, hold harmless and indemnify the Department and the State, their employees, officers and agents against all losses, claims, suits, liability and expense, including but not limited to attorneys' fees, arising out of injury to or death of persons (including employees of the State and the Department, the Contractor or any subcontractor) or damage to property resulting from or in connection with performance of the work and not caused solely by the negligence of the State or the Department, their agents, officers and employees. The State or the Department may participate in the defense of any claim or suit without relieving the Contractor of any obligation hereunder. The purchase of liability insurance shall not relieve the Contractor of the obligations described herein.

The Contractor agrees that it will not attempt to hold the State and its Departments and Agencies and their officers, representatives, employees or agents, liable or responsible for any losses or damages to third parties from the action of the elements, the nature of the work to be done under these specifications or from any unforeseen obstructions, acts of God, vandalism, fires or encumbrances which may be encountered in the prosecution of the work.

The Contractor shall pay all just claims for materials, supplies, tools, labor and other just claims against the Contractor or any subcontractor in connection with this contract and the surety bond will not be released by final acceptance and payment by the Department unless all such claims are paid or released. The Department may, but is not obligated to, withhold or retain as much of the monies due or to become due the Contractor under this contract considered necessary by the Engineer to cover such just claims until satisfactory proof of payment or the establishment of a payment plan is presented.

The Contractor shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the State and its Departments and Agencies and their officers, representatives, employees or agents from all suits, actions or claims of any character brought on account of any claims or amounts arising or recovered under the Worker's Compensation Laws or any other law, by-law, ordinance, order or decree.

Section 8 – Measurement and Payment

- 1. **DELETE** Section 8.7a in its entirety and replace with the following:
- a. Tax Clearances from the State of Hawaii Department of Taxation and Internal Revenue Service, subject to section 103D-328, HRS, current within two months of issuance date indicating that all delinquent taxes levied or accrued under State Statutes against the contractor have been paid.
- 2. ADD Section 8.7d, Certificate of Compliance:
- d. A Certification from the Contractor affirming that the Contractor has, as applicable, remained in compliance with all laws as required by Section 103D-310, HRS, and Section 3-122-112, HAR. A contractor making a false affirmation shall be suspended and may be debarred pursuant to section 103D-702, HRS.
 - 1. Certification of Compliance for Final Payment, State Procurement Office Form-22. Must be Signed Original.
- 3. ADD Section 8.7e, Hawaii Compliance Express:
- e. In lieu of submitting the tax clearances from Taxation and IRS, and SPO Form -22, the Contractor may choose to use the Hawaii Compliance Express as described on page SP-1 of this Special Provisions.

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| DIVISION 3 – CONCRETE | | |
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| Plant-Precast Structural Concrete | 03410 | 1-9 |
| DIVISION 4 – MASONRY | | |
| NOT INCLUDED | | |
| DIVISION 5 – METALS | | |
| Metal Fabrications | 05500 | 1-3 |
| DIVISION 6 – WOODS AND PLASTICS | | |
| Fiberglass Reinforced Polymer | 06710 | 1-4 |

DIVISION 7 – THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION NOT INCLUDED

DIVISION 8 – DOORS AND WINDOWS NOT INCLUDED

DIVISION 9 – FINISHES NOT INCLUDED

DIVISION 10 – SPECIALTIES NOT INCLUDED

DIVISION 12 – FURNISHINGS NOT INCLUDED

DIVISION 13 – SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION NOT INCLUDED

SECTION 01019

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Work shall consist of furnishing all labor, tools, materials and equipment necessary and required to construct in place complete all work as indicated on the drawings and as specified herein.

1.2 GENERAL

- A. Examination of Premises: The Contractor shall contact the Engineer and obtain permission before visiting the site.
- B. All lines and grades shall be established by a licensed surveyor, or licensed Civil Engineer, registered in the State of Hawaii. The Contractor shall submit evidence of current and valid registration.
- C. Notices: The Contractor shall notify the Engineer and give at least three (3) working days notice before starting any work.
- D. Disruption of Utility Services: All work related to the temporary disconnection of electrical system shall be pre-arranged with the Engineer so that any disruption of such services will be kept to a minimum. In the event temporary power hook-up is required, the Contractor shall provide the necessary services.
- E. Contractor's Operations
 - 1. The Contractor must employ, insofar as possible, such methods and means of carrying out the work so as not to cause any interruption or interference to the facility's operations. Where the Contractor's operations would result in interruptions which would hamper the operations of the facilities, the Contractor shall rearrange the schedule of work accordingly.
 - 2. The Contractor shall maintain safe passageway to and from the facility for the user agency personnel and the public at all times.
- F. Lead Paint
 - 1. When the project includes paint to be disturbed that was applied prior to 1980, it shall be assumed to contain lead. The Contractor shall inform its employees, subcontractors, and all other persons engaged in the project that lead containing

General Specifications 01019-1

paints are present in the existing buildings at the job site and to follow the requirements of the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, Division of Occupational Safety and Health, Title 12, Subtitle 8, Chapter 148, Lead Exposure in Construction, Hawaii Administrative Rules (Chapter 12-148, HAR).

- G. Parking Policy for Contractor
 - 1. The Contractor and its employees will not be allowed to park in zones assigned to facility personnel.
 - 2. Areas to be used by the Contractor shall be as designated by the Engineer. Any lawn damaged by the Contractor shall be restored as instructed by the Engineer at no cost to the State.
- H. Toilet Accommodations: The Contractor may use the existing toilet facilities if so designated by the Engineer; however, it is the Contractor's responsibility to keep same clean and in a sanitary condition at all times.
- I. Protection of Property: The Contractor shall continually maintain adequate protection of all its work from damage and shall protect all property, including but not limited to buildings, equipment, furniture, grounds, vegetation, material, utility systems located at and adjoining the job site. The Contractor shall repair, replace or pay the expense of repair of damages resulting from its operations.
- J. Use of Power Driven Equipment: The Contractor is cautioned to take all necessary safety precautions to protect the facility personnel, and the public whenever power driven equipment is used.
- K. Safety: The Contractor shall carefully read and strictly comply with the requirements of the Hawaii Occupational Safety and Health Law, Chapter 396, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended, is applicable and made a part of the Contract.
- L. Clean Up Premises: The Contractor shall clean up and remove from premises all debris accumulated from operations as necessary or as directed. See also Section 7.25 of the General Conditions.
- M. Responsibility
 - 1. The State will hold the Contractor liable for all the acts of Subcontractors and shall deal only with the prime Contractor in matters pertaining to other trades employed on the job. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating the work of all trades on the job.
 - 2. Should the Contractor discover any discrepancy in the plans or specifications, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Engineer before proceeding any

further with the work, otherwise, the Contractor will be held responsible for any cost involved in correction of work placed due to such discrepancy.

- N. Cooperation With Other Contractors: The State reserves the right at any time to contract for or otherwise perform other or additional work within the contract zone limits of this Contract. The Contractor of this project shall, to the extent ordered by the State, conduct its work so as not to interfere with or hinder the progress or completion of the work performed by other contractors.
- O. Division of the Work: The Divisions and Sections into which these Specifications are divided shall not be considered an accurate or complete segregation of work by trades. This also applies to all work specified within each Section.
- P. Drawings and Specifications
 - 1. The Contractor shall not make alterations in the drawings and specifications. In the event the contractor discovers any errors or discrepancies, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Engineer in accordance with the General Conditions.
 - 2. Where devices, or items, or parts thereof are referred to in the singular, it is intended that such reference shall apply to as many such devices, items or parts as are required to properly complete the work.
 - 3. Specifications and drawings are prepared in abbreviated form and include incomplete sentences. Omission of words or phrases such as "the Contractor shall", "as shown on the drawings", "a", "an", and "the" are intentional. Omitted words and phrases shall be provided by inference to form complete sentences.
- Q. Required Submittals
 - 1. Required submittals as specified in the Technical Sections of these specifications include one or more of the following: Shop drawings; color samples; material samples; technical data; schedules of materials; schedules of operations; guarantees; operating and maintenance manuals; and as-built drawings.
 - 2. The Contractor shall make a comprehensive list of the required submittals, by Specification Section, and submit this list to the Engineer within 15 days after notice to proceed.
 - 3. As-Built Drawings: When as-built drawings are required for submittal, the following shall apply:
 - a. As-built drawings, the intent of which is to record the actual in-place construction so that any future renovations or tie-ins can be anticipated

accurately, shall be required.

- b. All deviations from alignments, elevations and dimensions which are stipulated on the plans shall be recorded in red on the as-built drawings.
- c. The following procedure shall be followed:
 - 1) Immediately after these changes are constructed in place, the Contractor shall record them on the field office plans.
 - 2) Within two weeks after final inspection of the project, the Contractor shall transfer the changes marked on the field office plans onto a clean copy of plans using a red pencil. Any deletions shall be so noted and redrawn as necessary. The Contractor shall stamp or mark the tracings "AS-BUILT", and also sign and date each drawing so marked.
 - 3) The Contractor shall submit the as-built drawings to the Engineer for review and approval. After the Engineer approves the as-built drawings, the Contractor shall submit an electronic copy in Adobe PDF format on CD ROM.
 - 4) Any as-built drawing which the Engineer determines does not accurately record the deviation shall be corrected by the State, and the Contractor shall be charged for the services.

END OF SECTION

General Specifications 01019-4
STANDARD REFERENCES

PART 1 - GENERAL

Wherever used in the project, the following abbreviations will have the meanings listed:

| Abbreviation | Company |
|--------------|---|
| AA | Aluminum Association Incorporated 818 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20006 |
| AASHTO | American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials 444 North Capitol Street, N.W., Suite 225 Washington, D.C. 20001 |
| ACI | American Concrete Institute P.O. Box 19150 Detroit, MI |
| AEIC | Association of Edison Illuminating Companies 51 East 42nd Street New York, NY 10017 |
| AFBMA | Anti-Friction Bearing Manufacturer's Association 60 East 42nd Street New York, NY 10017 |
| AGA | American Gas Association 8501 East Pleasant Valley Road Cleveland, OH 44131 |
| AGMA | American Gear Manufacturer's Association 1330 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. |
| AISC | American Institute of Steel Construction 101 Park Avenue New York, NY 10017 |
| AISI | American Iron and Steel Institute 1000 16th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036 |
| | |

| AITC | American Institute of Timber Construction 333 West Hampden Avenue Englewood, CO 80110 | | |
|----------|---|--|--|
| AMCA | Air Moving and Conditioning Association, Inc. 30 West University Drive Arlington Heights, IL 60004 | | |
| ANSI | American National Standards Institute, Inc. 1430 Broadway New York, NY 10018 | | |
| APA | American Plywood Association 1119 A Street Tacoma, WA 98401 | | |
| API | American Petroleum Institute 1801 K Street N.W. Washington, DC 20006 | | |
| ARI | Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute 1814 North Fort Myer Drive Arlington, VA 22209 | | |
| ASCE | American Society of Civil Engineers 345 East 47th Street New York, NY 10017 | | |
| ASCII | American Standard Code for Information Interchange United States of America Standards Institute 1430 Broadway New York, NY 10018 | | |
| ASE Code | American Standard Safety Code for Elevators, Dumbwaiter and Escalators American National Standards Institute 1430 Broadway New York, NY 10018 | | |
| ASHRAE | American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers United Engineering Center 345 East 47th Street New York, NY 10017 | | |

| Abbreviation | Company |
|--------------|---|
| ASME | American Society of Mechanical Engineers 345 East 47th Street New York, NY 10017 |
| ASTM | American Society for Testing and Materials 1916 Race Street Philadelphia, PA 19103 |
| AWPA | American Wood Preservers Association 1625 Eye Street Washington, DC 20006 |
| AWS | American Welding Society 2501 N.W. 7th Street Miami, FL 33125 |
| AWWA | American Water Works Association 6666 West Quincy Avenue Denver, CO 80235 |
| CBM | Certified Ballast Manufacturers 2120 Keith Building Cleveland, OH 44115 |
| CMAA | Crane Manufacturers Association of America, Inc. (Formerly called: Overhead Electrical Crane Institute - OECI) 1326 Freeport Road Pittsburgh, PA 15238 |
| CRSI | Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute 180 North La Salle Street Chicago, IL 60601 |
| CSA | Canadian Standards Association 178 Rexdale Boulevard Rexdale, Ontario, M9W IR3, Canada |
| DEMA | Diesel Engine Manufacturer's Association 122 East 42nd Street New York, NY 10017 |

| Abbreviation | Company | |
|--------------|---|--|
| DIS | Division of Industrial Safety California Department of Industrial Relations 2422 Arden Way Sacramento, CA 95825 | |
| EEI | Edison Electric Institute 90 Park Avenue New York, NY 10016 | |
| EIA | Electronic Industries Association 2001 Eye Street N.W. Washington, DC 20006 | |
| EJMA | Expansion Joint Manufacturer's Association 331 Madison Avenue New York, NY 10017 | |
| ESO | Electrical Safety Orders, California Administrative Code, Title 8, Chap. 4, Subarticle 5 Office of Procurement, Publications Section P.O. Box 20191 8141 Elder Creek Road Sacramento, CA 95820 | |
| FEDSPEC | Federal Specifications General Services Administration Specification and Consumer Information Distribution Branch Washington Navy Yard, Bldg. 197 Washington, DC 20407 | |
| FEDSTDS | Federal Standards (see FEDSPECS) | |
| FM | Factory Mutual Research 1151 Boston-Providence Turnpike Norwood, MA 02062 | |
| HEI | Heat Exchange Institute 122 East 42nd Street New York, NY 10017 | |

| Abbreviation | Company | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| HI | Hydraulic Institute 1230 Keith Building Cleveland, OH 44115 | | | |
| IAPMO | International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials 5032 Alhambra Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90032 | | | |
| ICBO | International Conference of Building Officials 5360 South Workman Mill Road Whittier, CA 90601 | | | |
| ICEA | Insulated Cable Engineers Association P.O. Box P South Yarmouth, MA 02664 | | | |
| IEEE | Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. 345 East 47th Street New York, NY 10017 | | | |
| IES | Illuminating Engineering Society C/O United Engineering Center 345 East 47th Street New York, NY 10017 | | | |
| ISA | Instrument Society of America 400 Stanwix Street Pittsburgh, PA 15222 | | | |
| ЛС | Joint Industrial Council 7901 Westpark Drive McLean, VA 22101 | | | |
| MILSPEC | Military Specifications Naval Publications and Forms Center 5801 Tabor Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19120 | | | |
| MSS | Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc. 127 Park Street, N.E. Vienna, VA 22180 | | | |

| Abbreviation | Company |
|--------------|--|
| NAAMM | National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers 100 South Marion Street Oak Park, IL 60302 |
| NACE | National Association of Corrosion Engineers P.O. Box 986 Katy, TX 77450 |
| NEC | National Electric Code National Fire Protection Association 470 Atlantic Avenue Boston, MA 02210 |
| NEMA | National Electrical Manufacturer's Association 155 East 44th Street New York, NY 10017 |
| NESC | National Electric Safety Code American National Standards Institute 1430 Broadway New York, NY 10018 |
| NFPA | National Forest Products Association (Formerly called: National Lumber Manufacturer's Association) 1619 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20036 |
| OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Act U.S. Department of Labor San Francisco Regional Office 450 Golden Gate Avenue, Box 36017 San Francisco, CA 94102 |
| PPIC | The Plumbing & Piping Industry Council, Inc. Suite 402 510 Shatto Place Los Angeles, CA 90020 |
| SAE | Society of Automotive Engineers 2 Pennsylvania Street New York, NY 10001 |

| Abbreviation | Company | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| SAMA | Scientific Apparatus Makers Association One Thomas Circle | | |
| SBCC | Washington, DC 20005 Southern Building Code Congress 1116 Brown-Marx Building | | |
| | Birmingham, AL 35203 | | |
| SMACNA | Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association, Inc. 8224 Old Courthouse Road | | |
| | Tysons Corner Vienna, VA 22180 | | |
| SSPWC | Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction Building News, Inc. | | |
| | 3055 Overland Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90034 | | |
| TEMA | Tubular Exchanger Manufacturer's Association | | |
| | 331 Madison Avenue New York, NY 10017 | | |
| UBC | Uniform Building Code Published by ICBO | | |
| UL | Underwriters Laboratories Inc. | | |
| | Chicago, IL 60611 | | |
| UMC | Uniform Mechanical Code Published by ICBO | | |
| UPC | Uniform Plumbing Code Published by IAPMO | | |
| USBR | Bureau of Reclamation | | |
| | U.S. Department of Interior | | |
| | Engineering and Research Center Denver Federal Center, Building 67 | | |
| | Denver, CO 80225 | | |
| WWPA | Western Wood Products Association | | |
| | (Formerly called: West Coast Lumberman's Association - WCLA) Yeon Building | | |
| | Portland, CA 97204 | | |
| | Standard References | | |
| | 01090-/ | | |

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

- END OF SECTION -

ARCHAEOLOGICAL PROTECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 This section covers the requirements for the protection and preservation of historical sites and values.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION METHOD: Representatives of the State will from time to time examine the area as work proceeds. If historical values are noted, the State may order a halt to the work in the vicinity of the historical values until the State can examine further. The Contractor shall notify the State if he finds anything he suspects to be of historic significance and shall discontinue further work in the vicinity of the find until the State can examine the area. In either case, further work in the vicinity of such historical or suspected historical values may proceed only upon approval by the State. Such approval can be normally expected within one week and shall in no case require more than one month.

END OF SECTION

Archaeological Protection 01100-1

SUBMITTALS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop drawings shall be required for:
 - 1. Division 3 Concrete
 - 2. Division 5 Metals
 - 3. Division 6 Wood and Plastics
 - 4. Any others as called for in the plans, specifications or by the Engineer.
- B. Other required submittals shall include:
 - 1. Piping Layout.
 - 2. Manufacturer's Data.
 - 3. Certificates of Warranty.
 - 4. Any others as called for in the plans, specifications, or by the Engineer.
- 1.2 BIDDER'S SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR COORDINATING CONTRACTUAL WORK AND SUBMITTALS:
- A. The Contractor is responsible for the coordination of all contractual work and submittals.
- B. The Contractor shall have a rubber stamp made up in the following format:

CONTRACTOR NAME

PROJECT:

| JOB NO: | | | |
|---------|--|--|--|

THIS SUBMITTAL HAS BEEN CHECKED BY THIS GENERAL

Submittals 01300 - 1 CONTRACTOR. IT IS CERTIFIED CORRECT, COMPLETE, AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH CONTRACT DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS. ALL AFFECTED CONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS ARE AWARE OF, AND WILL INTEGRATE THIS SUBMITTAL INTO THEIR OWN WORK.

| DATE RECEIVED | |
|-------------------------|--|
| SPECIFICATION SECTION | |
| SPECIFICATION PARAGRAPH | |
| DRAWING NUMBER | |
| SUBCONTRACTOR NAME | |
| SUPPLIER NAME | |
| MANUFACTURER NAME | |
| | |

| CERTIFIED BY: | |
|----------------------|--|
| | |

- C. This stamp, "filled in", should appear on the title sheet of each shop drawing, on a cover sheet of submittals in an 8-1/2" x 11" format, or on one face of a cardstock tag (min. 3" x 6") tied to each sample. The tag on the samples should state what the sample is so that, if the tag is accidentally separated from the sample, it can be matched up again. The back of this tag will be used by the Engineer for his receipt, review, and log stamp and for any comments that relate to the sample.
- D. All submittals for material, equipment, and shop drawings listed in the contract documents, including dimensioned plumbing shop drawings, shall be required and shall be reviewed by the Engineer, prior to any ordering of materials and equipment.
- E. Unless otherwise noted, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for his review eight copies of all shop drawings, piping layout, and/or catalog cuts for fabricated items and manufactured items (including mechanical and electrical equipment) required for the construction. Drawings shall be submitted in sufficient time to allow the Engineer not less than twenty regular working days for examining the drawings.
- F. The drawing shall be accurate, distinct, and complete and shall contain all required information, including satisfactory identification of items, units and assemblies in relation to the contract drawings and specifications.
- G. Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, shop drawings shall be submitted only by the Contractor, who shall indicate by a signed stamp on the drawings or other approved means that the Contractor has checked the shop drawings and that the work or equipment shown is in accordance with contract requirements and has been checked for dimensions and relationship with work of all other trades involved. All deviations from the plans and specifications shall be listed. The practice of submitting incomplete or unchecked shop drawings for the Engineer to correct or finish will not be acceptable, and shop drawings which, in the opinion of the Engineer, clearly indicate that they have not been checked by the Contractor will be considered as not complying with the intent

Submittals 01300 - 2 of the contract documents and will be returned to the Contractor for resubmission in the proper form.

- H. When the shop drawings have been reviewed by the Engineer, two sets of submittals will be returned to the Contractor appropriately stamped. If major changes or corrections are necessary, the drawing may be rejected and one set will be returned to the Contractor with such changes or corrections indicated, and the Contractor shall correct and resubmit eight copies of the drawings, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. No changes shall be made by the Contractor to the resubmitted shop drawings other than those changes indicated by the Engineer. The resubmittal shall be so indicated on the shop drawing.
- I. The review of such drawings and catalog cuts by the Engineer shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for correctness of the dimensions, fabrication details, and space requirements or for deviations from the contract drawings and specifications, unless the Contractor has called attention to such deviations, in writing, by a letter accompanying the drawings and the Engineer approved the change or deviations, in writing, at the time of submission; nor shall review by the Engineer relieve the Contractor from the responsibility for errors in the shop drawings. When the Contractor does call such deviations to the attention of the Engineer, he shall state in his letter whether or not such deviations involve any deduction or extra cost adjustment.
- J. The approval of the above drawings, lists, prints, specifications, or other data shall in no way release the Contractor from his responsibility for the proper fulfillment of the requirements of this contract nor for fulfilling the purpose of the installation nor from his liability to replace the same should it prove defective or fail to meet the specified requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION

MOBILIZATION AND DEMOBILIZATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Description: This section covers the requirements for mobilization and demobilization.
- 1.2 MOBILIZATION: Mobilization shall consist of the transporting, assembling, constructing, installing, and making ready for use at the job site, all the equipment, machinery, structures, utilities, materials, labor, and incidentals necessary to do the work covered by this contract.
- 1.3 DEMOBILIZATION: Demobilization shall consist of the dismantling and removal of the above-mentioned equipment, machinery, structures, utilities, materials, and incidentals, and the cleaning up of the site.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GUIDELINES: If the Contractor utilizes private lands other than the sites provided by the Department for mobilization purposes, the provisions of this section shall apply, and the mobilization and demobilization work on said private lands shall be in accordance with the agreement between the Contractor and the land owner.

Any and all additional mobilization or demobilization costs in excess of the maximum amounts specified in the Proposal shall be included in the appropriate unit prices bid in the Proposal. The Contractor shall not receive any compensation for mobilization and demobilization in addition to those specified in the Proposal.

All equipment, machinery, buildings, utilities and incidentals mobilized and demobilized under this section shall remain the property of the Contractor.

END OF SECTION

Mobilization and Demobilization 01505-1

BARRICADES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Description. This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and maintaining barricades in accordance with the requirements of the contract.

Barricade application shall be provided for in the latest edition of the FHWA publication, Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways (MUTCD), and as amended.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Lumber: Lumber for rails, frames and braces shall be dry, sound, undamaged, well seasoned, and free from any defect which may impair their strength and durability.
- B. Hardware: Nails shall be galvanized wire nails. As many and as large a size as is practicable shall be used.
- C. Paints: Paints shall be exterior enamel paint of the best grade or first line as made by approved manufacturers.
- D. Sheet Reflecting Material: Sheet reflecting material shall conform to the applicable requirements of Subsection 712.20(C) of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction".
- E. Alternate Designs: Alternate barricade designs such as plastic molded barricades may be used subject to the Engineer's approval. The Contractor shall submit shop drawings or catalog cuts for approval.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Barricades shall be constructed in a first class, workmanlike manner in accordance with details shown on the plans and as specified herein.

Barricades shall be in good condition and approved by the Engineer for use within the project limits. Barricade application and installation shall be as shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer in accordance with the guidelines provided in the latest edition of

Barricades 01530-1

the FHWA publication, Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways (MUTCD), and any amendments or revisions thereof as may be made from time to time.

Sand bags or other approved weights shall be provided where required or as directed by the Engineer. Sand bags or other approved weights shall not be placed on any striped barricade rail.

Steady burn and/or flashing lamps shall be required on selected barricades used during hours of darkness. Locations shall be as shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. Lamps shall be attached on the barricade ends closest to the traveled way and shall be visible to the motorist.

Barricades furnished and paid for as provided for as provided herein may be used for temporary detours, construction phasing, or other temporary traffic control work.

Barricades furnished and paid for use in temporary detours or construction phasing may be used for permanent location called for on the plans.

Upon completion of the construction work, barricades shall be left in place, relocated, or removed and disposed of as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Barricades left in place, or relocated to new permanent locations shall become the property of the State. Barricades directed to be removed and disposed of shall become the property of the Contractor.

- B. Painting: Wooden rails, frames and braces shall be given a prime coat and 2 finish coats of new white exterior enamel paint. Rail faces to be reflectorized may be left unpainted unless otherwise specified or directed.
- C. Reflectorization: Reflectorization of barricade rails shall be done in a first class, workmanlike manner and the attachment of reflective sheeting shall be as shown on the plans, specified herein, or as directed and approved by the Engineer.

Both vertical faces of each barricade rail shall be reflectorized as shown on the plans.

Wooden rails shall be reflectorized with one of the following:

- 1. Reflective sheeting specified in Subsection 712.20(C)(4) of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction" and backed with a 26 gage galvanized steel sheet, or
- a hardened aluminum backed reflective sheeting as specified in Subsection 712.20(C)(5) of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction."

D. Color: Rails, frames and braces shall be white.

The front and back faces of barricade rails shall have 6-inch wide alternative colored and white striped sloping downward toward the traveled way at an angle of 45 degrees with the vertical. The colored stripes shall be either orange or red in accordance with the following requirements:

- 1. Orange and white stripes shall be used in the following conditions:
 - a. Construction work.
 - b Detours.
 - c. Maintenance work.
- 2. Red and white stripes shall be used in the following conditions:
 - a. On roadways with no outlet (ie. dead-ends, cul-de-sacs).
 - b. Ramps or lanes closed for operational purposes.
 - c Permanent or semipermanent closure or termination of a roadway.
- E. Maintenance: Barricades shall be kept in good condition throughout their usage during construction until the end of the contract.
- F. The Contractor shall repair, repaint, clean or replace the barricades as required and as directed by the Engineer to maintain their effectiveness and appearance.

The Constructor shall immediately replace all lost, stolen or damaged barricades, lamps, sand bags and other approved weights.

Barricades used during construction phasing, temporary detours or other temporary traffic control work shall be cleaned and repaired as necessary, prior to being relocated to a permanent location shown on the plans or as directed.

No extra payment will be made for any repair work, repainting, or cleaning of barricades. The Engineer shall determine the suitable condition of each barricade and shall determine when each barricade shall be repaired, repainted or cleaned.

END OF SECTION

Barricades 01530-3

POLLUTION CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Rubbish Disposal

- 1. No burning of debris and/or waste materials shall be permitted on the project site.
- 2. No burying of debris and/or waste material except for materials which are specifically indicated elsewhere in these specifications as suitable for backfill shall be permitted on the project site.
- 3. All unusable debris and waste material shall be hauled away to an appropriate off-site dump area. During loading operations, debris and waste materials shall be watered down to allay dust.
- 4. No dry sweeping shall be permitted in cleaning rubbish and fines which can become airborne from floors or other paved areas. Vacuuming, wet mopping or wet or damp sweeping is permissible.
- 5. Enclosed chutes and/or containers shall be used for conveying debris from above to ground floor level.
- 6. Clean-up shall include the collection of all waste paper and wrapping materials, cans, bottles, construction waste materials and other objectionable materials, and removal as required. Frequency of clean-up shall coincide with rubbish producing events.

B. Dust

- 1. The Contractor shall prevent dust from becoming airborne at all times including non-working hours, weekends and holidays in conformance with the State Department of Health, Administrative Rules, Title 11, Chapter 60 Air Pollution Control.
- 2. The method of dust control and costs shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Methods of dust control shall include the use of water, chemicals or asphalt over surfaces which may create airborne dust.
- 3. The Contractor shall be responsible for all damage claims in accordance with Section 7.16 "Responsibility for Damage Claims" of the GENERAL CONDITIONS.

C. Noise

- 1. Noise shall be kept within acceptable levels at all times in conformance with the State Department of Health, Administrative Rules, Title 11, Chapter 46 Community Noise Control for Oahu. The Contractor shall obtain and pay for the Community Noise Permit from the State Department of Health when the construction equipment or other devices emit noise at levels exceeding the allowable limits.
- 2. All internal combustion engine-powered equipment shall have mufflers to minimize noise and shall be properly maintained to reduce noise to acceptable levels.
- 3. Pile driving operations shall be confined to the period between 9:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m., Monday through Friday. Pile driving will not be permitted on weekends and legal State and Federal holidays.
- 4. Starting-up of construction equipment meeting allowable noise limits shall not be done prior to 6:45 a.m. without prior approval of the Engineer. Equipment exceeding allowable noise levels shall not be started-up prior to 7:00 a.m.

D. Erosion

- 1. During interim grading operations, the grade shall be maintained so as to preclude any damage to adjoining property from water and eroding soil.
- 2. Temporary berms, cut-off ditches and other provisions which may be required because of the Contractor's method of operations shall be installed at no cost to the State.
- 3. Drainage outlets and silting basing shall be constructed and maintained as shown on the plans to minimize erosion and pollution of waterways during construction.

E. Others

- Wherever trucks and/or vehicles leave the site and enter surrounding paved streets, the Contractor shall prevent any material from being carried onto the pavement. Waste water shall not be discharged into existing streams, waterways, or drainage systems such as gutters and catch basins unless treated to comply with the State Department of Health water pollution regulations.
- 2. Trucks hauling debris shall be covered as required by PUC Regulation. Trucks hauling fine materials shall be covered.
- 3. No dumping of waste concrete will be permitted at the job-site.

- 4. Except for rinsing of the hopper and delivery chute, and for wheel washing where required, concrete trucks shall not be cleaned on the job-site.
- 5. Except in an emergency, such as a mechanical breakdown, all vehicle fueling and maintenance shall be done in a designated area. A temporary berm shall be constructed around the area when runoff can cause a problem.
- 6. When spray painting is allowed such spray painting shall be done by the "airless spray" process. Other types of spray painting will not be allowed.
- F. Suspension of Work
 - 1. Violations of any of the above requirements or any other pollution control requirements which may be specified in the Technical Specifications herein shall be cause for suspension of the work creating such violation. No additional compensation shall be due the Contractor for remedial measures to correct the offense. Also, no extension of time will be granted for delays caused by such suspensions.
 - 2. If no corrective action is taken by the Contractor within 72 hours after a suspension is ordered by the Engineer, the State reserves the right to take whatever action is necessary to correct the situation and to deduct all costs incurred by the State in taking such action from monies due the Contractor.
 - 3. The Engineer may also suspend any operations which he feels are creating pollution problems although they may not be in violation of the above-mentioned requirements. In this instance, the work shall be done by force account as described in Subsection 4.2b -"Additional Work" of the GENERAL CONDITIONS and paid for in accordance with Subsection 8.4b "Force Account Work" therein. The count of elapsed working days to be charged against the contract in this situation shall be computed in accordance with Subsection 7.18 "Contract Time" of the GENERAL CONDITIONS.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION

PROJECT SIGN

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Furnish all labor, materials and equipment necessary to construct and install all project sign as specified hereinafter.

1.2 SUBMITTAL

The contractor shall provide the Engineer with six (6) shop drawings of the project sign for review and approval by the Engineer prior to ordering the sign.

1.3 LETTER STYLE

Copy is centered and set in Adobe Type Futura Heavy. If this specific type is not available, Futura Demi Bold may be substituted. Copy should be set and spaced by a professional typesetter and enlarged photographically for photo stencil screen process.

1.4 ART WORK

Constant elements of the sign layout - frame, outline, stripe, and official state information may be duplicated following drawing measurements, or be reproduced and enlarged photographically using a layout template if provided. The "STATE OF HAWAII" masthead should be reproduced and enlarged as specified, using the artwork provided.

1.5 TITLES

The specific major work of the project under construction is emphasized by using 3-3/4" type, all capitals. Secondary information such as location or buildings uses 2-1/4" type, all capitals. Other related information of lesser importance uses letter heights as indicated on 01581-3, upper / lower case letters.

Design should follow the example on page 01581-3.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. LUMBER

- 1. Panel is 3/4" exterior grade high density overlaid plywood, with resin-bonded surfaces on both sides.
- 2. 4"x4" sign posts shall be Douglas Fir No. 1 or better.
- B. PAINTS & INKS

Screen print inks are matte finish. Paints are satin finish, exterior grade. References to Ameritone Color Key Paint are for color match only.

| COLOR: | 1. | 1BL10A | Bohemian Blue |
|--------|----|--------|----------------------|
| | 2. | 2H16P | Softly (White) |
| | 3. | 2VR2A | Hot Tango (Red) |
| | 4. | 1M52E | Tokay (Gray) |

C. CONCRETE

Concrete shall be class B with a 2,500 psi 28-day compressive strength.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. The Project Sign shall be constructed with new materials as specified above.
- B. The Project sign shall be installed at the location indicated on the drawings or as designated by the Engineer. The project sign shall be erected upon commencement of work.

3.2 MEASUREMENTS AND PAYMENT

The construction of the project sign, including all equipment, labor and material necessary to furnish and install the project sign will be paid for under the "Project Sign" proposal item.

END OF SECTION

Project Sign 01581-2



NOTE: Number of signs required $\underline{1}$



Project Sign 01581-4

DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS: The work includes demolition and removal as indicated in the plans or specified herein. All materials resulting from demolition work, except as indicated or specified otherwise, shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the limits of Government property. Remove rubbish and debris from the job site daily, unless otherwise directed. Store materials which cannot be removed daily in areas specified by the Engineer. The Contractor shall pay for all necessary permits and certificates that may be required in connection with this work.
- 1.2 SUBMITTALS: Submit proposed demolition and removal procedures to the Engineer for approval before work is started. Procedures shall provide for coordination with other work in progress and a detailed description of methods and equipment to be used for each operation, and sequence of operations.
- 1.3 DUST CONTROL: Take appropriate action to check the spread of dust to the surrounding area and to avoid the creation of a nuisance in the surrounding area. Do not use water if it results in hazardous or objectionable conditions, such as flooding or pollution. Comply with all dust regulations imposed by local air pollution agencies.

1.4 **PROTECTION**

- A. Existing Improvements: Protect existing improvements that are to remain in place, that are to be reused, or that is to remain the property of the Engineer by temporary covers, shoring, bracing, and supports. Repair items damaged during performance of the work or replace with new to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Do not overload structural elements. Provide new supports or reinforcement for existing construction weakened by demolition, removal, and relocation work. Construction equipment and vehicles shall neither be permitted on, nor shall be stored on the existing work that is to remain in place.
- B. Trees: Protect trees within the project site which might be damaged during the demolition work.
- C. Public Safety: Where pedestrian and driver safety is endangered in the work or storage areas, use traffic barricades with flashing lights. Notify the Engineer prior to beginning any such work. The Contractor shall conduct operations with minimum interference to streets, driveways, sidewalks, and passageways, etc..
- D. Explosives: Use of explosives will not be permitted.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXISTING FACILITIES

A. The existence of active utility lines transversing the construction area other than those indicated is not definitely known. Should any be encountered, the Contractor shall not disconnect same without authorization of the Engineer, but shall inform the latter immediately of each discovery, and shall follow his instructions.

3.2 SAFETY

A. Work shall be done in accordance with safety provisions of the Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction, published by the Associated General Contractors of America.

3.3 DISPOSITION OF MATERIALS

- A. Title to Materials: Title to all materials and equipment to be removed, except as specified otherwise, is vested in the Contractor upon receipt of notice to proceed. The Engineer will not be responsible for the condition or loss of, or damage to, such property after notice to proceed. Materials and equipment shall not be viewed by prospective purchasers or sold on the site. Burning or burying of materials on the site will not be permitted.
- B. When removing the materials from the property, truck loads shall be trimmed and loaded as to prevent spillage.

3.4 CLEANUP

- A. Debris and Rubbish: Remove and transport debris and rubbish in a manner that will prevent spillage into ocean or adjacent areas. Cleanup spillage from ocean and adjacent areas. The Contractor shall leave the premises clean, neat, and orderly.
- B. Regulations: Comply with Federal, State, and Local hauling and disposal regulations.

END OF SECTION

SITE PREPARATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The work to be performed under this section shall include clearing the premises of all obstacles and obstructions, the removal of which will be necessary for the proper reception, construction, execution and completion of the other work included in this contract.

1.2 COORDINATION WITH OTHER SECTIONS

A. Earthwork is specified in Section 02200 - EARTHWORK.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

A. Maintenance of Traffic: The Contractor shall conduct operations with minimum interference to streets, driveways, sidewalks, passageways, etc.

When necessary, the Contractor shall provide and erect barriers, etc., with special attention to protection of personnel.

- B. Protection: Throughout the progress of the work protection shall be provided for all property and equipment, and temporary barricades shall be provided as necessary. Work shall be done in accordance with the safety provisions of the Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction, published by the Associated General Contractors of America, and the State of Hawaii's Occupational Safety and Health Standards, Rules and Regulations.
- C. Fires: No burning of fires of any kind will be allowed.
- D. Reference Points: Bench marks, etc., shall be carefully maintained, but if disturbed or destroyed, shall be replaced as directed, at the Contractor's expense.
- E. Disposal: All materials resultant from operations under this Section shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site. Loads of materials shall be trimmed to prevent droppings.

3.2 EXISTING UTILITY LINES

A. The existence of active underground utility lines within the construction area is not definitely known other than those indicated in their approximate locations on the Drawings. Should any unknown line be encountered during excavation, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Engineer of such discovery. The Engineer shall then investigate and issue instructions for the preservation or disposition of the unknown line. Authorization for extra work shall be issued by the Engineer only as he deems necessary.

3.3 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. The Contractor shall clear the premises of all obstacles and obstructions, the removal of which will be necessary for the proper reception, construction, execution and completion of other work included in this contract.
- B. After clearing has been completed, the entire site shall be stripped of the organically contaminated near-surface soils to a minimum depth of 6 inches. Remove trees and roots to a minimum of 3 feet below existing ground level. Remove all large roots in excess of 2 inches in diameter, and backfill and compact the resulting depression. All debris accumulated from this operation shall be completely removed from the premises by the Contractor.
- C. The Contractor shall protect from injury and damage all surrounding trees, plants, etc., and shall leave all in as good as condition as at present. Any damage to existing improvement shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

3.4 CLEAN UP OF PREMISES

A. Clean up and remove all debris accumulated from building operations from time-to-time as directed. Upon completion of the construction work and before final acceptance of the contract work, remove all surplus materials, equipment, scaffoldings, etc., and leave entire job site raked clean and neat to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

END OF SECTION

CLEARING AND GRUBBING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This section covers the requirements for clearing and grubbing, within the areas shown on the plan or as directed by the Engineer. The above work shall include the removal and disposal of designated trees outside the clearing limits. Also included is the protection from injury or defacement of trees and other objects designated to remain and treatment or removal of damaged trees.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CLEARING AND GRUBBING WORK:

- A. The area to be cleared shall be to the dimensions shown on the plans or one foot beyond toe of fill and top of cut whichever is greater.
- B. All debris, trees, logs, limbs, branches, brush, plants, and other protruding obstructions within the clearing limits shall be removed and disposed of, except the following:
 - 1. Live, sound, and firmly rooted trees with diameter of 4 inches or larger.
 - 2. Live brush, herbaceous plants, and trees between the trailbed and clearing limits that are less than 12 inches in height.
- C. Except as provided above, all limbs and branches more than 1/2 inch in diameter that extend into the cleared area shall be cut flush with the tree trunks or stems or cut at the ground surface.
- D. Felling, cutting, and trimming methods shall not cause bark damage to standing timber. If damage does occur to standing trees, the injured area shall be treated with a coat of tree-surgery asphalt-based paint. Trees with major roots exposed by construction that are rendered unstable shall be felled and disposed of as specified herein.
- E. All stumps within the trailbed shall be removed. Stumps located between the edge of the trailbed and clearing limits that cannot be cut flush with the finished slope, or are not tightly rooted, shall be removed.

- F. All logs, limbs, lopped tops, brush, and grubbed stumps and roots shall be scattered on the downhill side of and outside the clearing limits, with the following exceptions:
 - 1. Limbs, brush, and lopped tops from trees felled on the uphill side of the clearing limits shall be scattered below the trailway, except where the existing sideslope above the trail is less than 20 percent; such material may be scattered above the trail.
 - 2. Logs may be left on the uphill side of the trail if they are placed so that they will not move into the clearing limits.
- G. Debris from clearing and grubbing operations shall not be placed in streams, water courses or at locations that will impede flow of the natural drainage pattern.

END OF SECTION

EARTHWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This section covers the requirements for earthwork.

- A. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to examine the project site and determine for himself the existing conditions.
- B. Obvious conditions of the site existing on the date of the bid opening shall be accepted as part of the work, even though they may not be clearly indicated on the drawings and/or described herein or may vary therefrom.
- C. All debris of any kind accumulated from clearing shall be disposed of from the site, and the whole area left clean. The Contractor shall be required to make all necessary arrangements relative to the proposed place of disposal.

1.2 REMOVAL AND REPAIR WORK

A. General

The Contractor shall exercise every precaution to preserve and protect all structures, walkways or utility improvements which are to remain or be relocated. Portions of walkway and pavement which are to remain shall be saw cut neat and true to line. Restore all pavement and curbs upon completion of the work.

1.3 SEQUENCE OF WORK

All sequence of work shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

1.4 **PROTECTION**

- A. Barricade: Erect temporary barricade to prevent people from entering into project area, to the extent as approved by the Engineer. Such barricade shall be as defined in Section 01530 BARRICADES. The extent of barricades may be adjusted as necessary with the approval of the Engineer. This work shall be accomplished at no extra cost to the State of Hawaii.
- B. Take all precautions and safety measures as required to protect the State of Hawaii free and harmless from liability of any kind. Conduct operations with minimum interference to streets, driveways, sidewalks passages, etc.
- C. Adequate precautions shall be taken before commencing and during the course of the

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work to ensure the protection of life, limb, and property.

D. The Contractor shall protect from damage all surrounding structures, trees, plants, grass, walks, pavements, etc. Any damage will be repaired or replaced by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

1.5 PERMITS

The Contractor shall obtain and pay for necessary permits prior to the commencement of work.

1.6 MAINTAINING TRAFFIC

- A. The Contractor shall conduct operations with minimum interference to streets, driveways, sidewalks, traffic activities, etc.
- B. When necessary, the Contractor shall provide, erect and maintain lights, barriers, etc., as required by traffic and safety regulations with special attention to protection of life.

1.7 CONSTRUCTION LINES, LEVELS AND GRADES

- A. The Contractor shall verify all lines, levels and elevations indicated on the drawings before any clearing, excavation or construction begins. Any discrepancy shall be immediately brought to the attention of the Engineer and any changes shall be made in accordance with his instructions. The Contractor shall not be entitled to extra payment if he fails to report the discrepancies before proceeding with any work whether within the area affected or not.
- B. The laying out of base lines, establishment of grades and staking out the entire work shall be done by a licensed Surveyor or a licensed Civil Engineer, registered in the State of Hawaii. He shall be solely responsible for their accuracy. Erect and maintain substantial batter boards showing construction lines and levels.

1.8 CLEANUP

Clean up and remove all debris accumulated from construction operations from time to time, when as directed by the Engineer. Upon completion of the construction work and before final acceptance of work, remove all surplus materials, equipment, etc. and leave entire jobsite clean and neat.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Yard Fill: Fill materials shall be soil with expansion value not greater than 3%, free from debris, perishable or combustible materials, sod and stones larger than 6" in maximum dimension. Rock or broken masonry shall be well distributed in earth or other fine material with voids filled and shall be placed within three feet of finished grades.
- B. Structural Fill: New structural fill below interior and exterior concrete slabs or paving, with allowance for depth of cushion fill, shall be select borrow material. This material shall be granular with an expansion value not greater than 3% non-adobe and with a plasticity index less than ten. Decayed rubbish, debris, or rocks greater than 3" in diameter shall not be allowed as fill material. Certificate of compliance shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to filling.
- C. Topsoil: Imported, fertile, friable soil of loamy character having normal amounts of natural humus, free from subsoil, clay, refuse roots, weeds, noxious seeds, nematodes or other deleterious matter, and free from toxic amounts of either acid or alkaline elements and capable of sustaining healthy plant life. Stones and earth lumps shall not be greater than one inch in largest dimension. Red humic latosol soils, or types known as "Palolo clay" or Lualualei clay" are unacceptable. Topsoil is subject to approval by Engineer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATION

- A. Protective Measures
 - 1. All excavation shall be protected and guarded against danger to life, limb and property.
 - 2. Shoring, cribbing and logging, as required to safely preserve the excavations and earth banks, free from damages resulting from the work shall be provided and installed by the Contractor.
 - 3. All excavations shall be kept free from standing water. The Contractor shall do all pumping and draining that may be necessary to remove water to the extent required in carrying on the work. Grading shall be controlled so that the ground surface is properly sloped to prevent water run-off into structural foundations and open trenching excavations.
 - 4. The underground utilities lines traversing the construction area known to exist by the designer are indicated on the plans. Should any be encountered during

excavation, the Contractor shall not disconnect same without authorization from the Engineer but shall inform the latter immediately of each discovery. The Engineer shall investigate and issue proper authorization for procedure.

B. General

- 1. Excavation shall be done to the lines and grades indicated. Concrete slabs, concrete curbs, asphaltic concrete pavement, etc., not indicated to remain shall be removed or broken up into pieces of sizes permitted in other paragraphs of this section. When incorporated in fill, broken up pieces shall be well mixed with finer materials filling all spaces between the pieces.
- 2. Excavation for footings, foundation, etc., shall have level beds on unfilled, undisturbed, firm bearing, with stepped level where necessary. Small soft spots shall be compacted to unyielding firmness.

If soil conditions are suitable and approved, footing cuts may be made to exact size of footing.

- 3. Structural excavations carried below specified level shall be filled with concrete to the proper level at the expense of the Contractor.
- 4. Excavated materials declared unusable by Engineer shall be removed from the site at the Contractor's expense.

3.2 BACKFILL

- A. Yard Area
 - 1. Yard fill where no concrete slab occurs shall be in 6" layers (compacted thickness) compacted to 90% of maximum density as determined by ASTM Test, Method D-1557.
 - 2. The areas not covered by asphalt paving or concrete slab shall be graded to conform to finish contours, with allowance for depth of topsoil. Rough grading shall prevent the drainage of water into construction areas.
- B. Structural Fill
 - 1. In advance of preparing the subgrade or depositing a specified layer of material, existing material within the area where such materials is to be placed, which in the opinion of the Engineer is unsuitable as a subgrade foundation, shall be removed and the resulting space refilled with approved material and compacted.
 - 2. Backfilling shall progress so that excessive unbalanced load is not introduced against any structure.

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- 3. New structural fill material shall be placed in layers not to exceed 6" per compacted layer and compacted to a compaction of 90% as determined by ASTM Test, Method D-1557.
- 4. Materials and compaction of all yard and structural fill shall be tested by an independent testing agency approved by the Engineer and all after-compaction test results submitted to the Engineer for approval. All cost of testing shall be borne by the Contractor. Testing shall be made throughout the area for each 6" compacted layer as directed by the Engineer. All test results must be approved before proceeding with placing of topsoil, cushion fill or base course.
- 5. In the event insufficient amount of structural fill or yard fill is derived from earthwork operations, import the necessary materials without any additional cost to the State. Such imported material shall meet the requirements as specified for each category of materials.
- 6. The ground shall be scarified 6" below existing grade and recompacted to 90% compaction. Fill shall conform to structural fill.
- 7. Under interior and exterior slabs the cushion fill as specified shall be compacted to a level surface to 95% compaction as determined by modified ASTM Test Method, D-1557.
- C. Grading
 - 1. Rough Grading: The areas not covered by asphalt paving or concrete slab up to the contract zone limit shall be graded to topsoil. Contractor shall take the necessary precautions to prevent the drainage of water into construction area.
 - 2. Finish Grading: Outdoor areas not covered by buildings shall be graded to finish grade and contours with allowance for a 4" layer of topsoil as required. Grading shall conform with the ordinances of the applicable County issuing the Grading Permit and as amended. Areas to be topsoiled to 85% of maximum density before placing topsoil. Topsoil shall be spread evenly, compacted lightly and raked to a uniform place at required contours and grades.

3.3 GRASSING

A. Replant graded and damaged areas with grass similar to adjoining area.

B. Grass shall be maintained. Maintenance shall include watering, weeding, mowing, repairing, regrassing and protection, and be performed until the entire project is accepted but in any event for a period not less than 90 days after planting of grass. At the time of acceptance, the grass shall have been well-established and shall be give a final weeding and a final mowing to a height of 1 inch. If the maintenance period has expired before acceptance of the entire project, the Contractor shall continue to maintain the grass until acceptance of the entire project. If the maintenance period should extend beyond acceptance of the entire project, the Contractor shall continue to maintain the grass until the end of the specified period of time required for maintenance.

END OF SECTION

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DITCH AND CHANNEL EXCAVATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This section covers the requirements for construction ditch and channel excavation.

- A. Description. This work shall consist of excavating ditches and water channels above and below culverts and bridges, including channels for changing the course of streams, but not including ditches within the normal cross section of the roadway, in accordance with the requirements of the contract.
- B. Suitable materials from ditch and channel excavation shall be used in the construction of embankments and dikes. Unsuitable and surplus excavation material shall become the Contractor's property and be disposed of at his expense.
- C. Any excavation below the required bottom grade of ditches and channels shall be backfilled with suitable material and thoroughly compacted by the Contractor at his expense.
- D. Prior to acceptance, all debris and unwanted material shall be removed from the excavated ditches and channels.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

A. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer a sufficient time in advance of the beginning of excavation of ditches and channels, so that cross-sectional elevations and measurements can be taken of the undisturbed ground. The excavation of irrigation ditches shall be done at a time convenient to the owner of the ditch.

END OF SECTION
ROADWAY EXCAVATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Roadway excavation shall consist of the removal and proper disposal of all materials necessary and required for the formation of the roadway prism, including the construction of the roadbed, parking lot, embankments, subgrade, the removal and disposal of surplus or unsuitable material, and the necessary excavation for the installation of gutters, and retaining wall along the right-of-way. It shall also include all of the above work necessary in connection with intersections, side roads, private roadways, approaches and the refilling of excavations caused by the removal of structures, tree roots, and the replacement of unsuitable material.

- A. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to examine the project site and determine for himself the existing conditions.
- B. Obvious conditions of the site existing on the date of the bid opening shall be accepted as part of the work, even though they may not be clearly indicated on the drawings and/or described herein or may vary therefrom.
- C. All debris of any kind accumulated from clearing shall be disposed of from the site, and the whole area left clean. The Contractor shall be required to make all necessary arrangements relative to the proposed place of disposal.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Roadway excavation shall be done to the required subgrade to accept the new pavement structure. Subgrade shall be compacted with on-site excavated material approved by the Engineer when filling is required to bring the subgrade elevation to its required height. Subgrade preparation shall conform to the requirement as follows:
 - 1. Preparation. In advance of setting line and grade stakes, the subgrade area shall be cleared of brush, weeds, vegetation, and debris, all of which shall be satisfactorily disposed of to the satisfaction of the Engineer. All depressions and ruts which contain water shall be drained.

All unsuitable material, such as adobe, muck, expansive clay and materials with debris or organic matter, encountered above the road subgrade, shall be removed and hauled away from the project site. Unless a specific site is designated in the special provisions for disposal of unsuitable material, the Contractor is responsible to find a convenient site. The hauling and disposing of the unsuitable material shall be considered as incidental to the excavation work. The Engineer shall determine if the material is unsuitable.

- 2. Finished Subgrade. The finished subgrade shall have a density of al least 95% of its maximum density for a depth of 6 inches or more. The surface shall be rolled until the material does not creep under the roller and finished smooth to the required grade and cross section.
- 3. Protection of Subgrade. The subgrade shall be shaped and sloped to drain.
- 4. Surface Tolerance. The finished subgrade upon which subbase or base course is placed shall not vary more than 0.10 foot above or below the theoretical grade.

All unnecessary traffic shall be kept off the prepared subgrade. Should it become necessary to haul materials and aggregate over the prepared subgrade, the Contractor shall drag and roll the traveled way as frequently as may be necessary to remove ruts, cuts and breaks in the surface. The surface shall be brought up to grade, compacted and rolled smooth before placing the subsequent layer of specified material.

Should the prepared subgrade become soft, spongy, or yielding due to the weather or excessive sprinkling, the Contractor shall at his own expense remove and replace the soft material or let it dry out sufficiently, then recompact the material to the required density and grade.

END OF SECTION

AGGREGATE BASE COURSE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Description. This work shall consist of furnishing and placing one or more courses of aggregate base on a prepared surface in accordance with the requirements of the contract.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

Materials shall meet the requirements specified in the following Subsections of Division 700 Materials of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction."

| Aggregate | 703.06 |
|-----------|--------|
| Water | 712.01 |

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

A Placing

- 1. The base material shall be placed on the prepared surface without segregation. Segregated materials shall be remixed until a uniform distribution is obtained. The material shall not be dumped in piles on the prepared surface.
- 2. Depositing and spreading shall commence at that part of the work farthest from the point of loading the material and shall progress continuously without breaks, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 3. If the required compacted depth of the base course exceeds 6 inches, the base shall be constructed on 2 or more layers of approximately equal thickness. The maximum compacted thickness of any one layer shall not exceed 6 inches.
- 4. If the contractor uses a vibratory roller weighing 9 tons or more, the lift thickness may be increased to 7 inches.

- 5. Spreading of binder material over the surface of the compacted base will not be permitted. Additional material if required shall be incorporated uniformly throughout the thickness of the compacted material by scarifying and blading. The combined material shall meet all quality requirements as specified.
- B. Shaping and compacting
 - 1. The Contractor shall perform such shaping work as necessary and such that the finished base shall conform to the required grade and cross-section. The finished base where not controlled by adjacent structures or features shall not vary more than 0.04 foot above or below the theoretical grade.
 - 2. Compaction of each layer shall continue until a density of not less than 95 percent of the maximum density, determined in accordance with the requirements of Subsection 106.09 - Special Test Methods, of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, has been achieved. Field density determination will be made in accordance with Hawaii Test Method HWY-TC 1. The surface of each layer shall be maintained during the compaction operations in such a manner that a uniform texture is produced and the aggregates firmly keyed. Water shall be uniformly applied over the base materials during compaction in the quantity necessary for proper consolidation.
 - 3. Should high or low spots develop during rolling operations, such spots shall be smoothed out by blading with a self-propelled and pneumatic-tired motor grader having a wheel base not less than 15 feet long and a blade not less than 10 feet long.
 - 4. Each layer shall be compacted initially by rolling with three-wheel rollers followed by intermediate rolling with pneumatic-tired rollers. Final rolling shall be done with three-wheel rollers.
- C. Equipment. Three-wheel rollers and pneumatic-tired rollers shall conform to the requirements specified in Subsection 401.03(B)(4) Rollers.

END OF SECTION

GROUTED RUBBLE PAVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This specification covers the requirements for furnishing and installing grouted rubble paving.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Stones: Shall be clean, sound, durable, free from organic material, and shall be at least 1/8 cubic foot in volume, and have minimum unit weight of 155 pounds per cubic foot.
- B. Grout shall consist of one part Portland cement to three parts fine aggregate by volume.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 GENERAL
 - A. The Contractor shall use equipment and workmen capable of performing the work specified in this section.
 - B. The construction methods which the Contractor intends to use shall be thoroughly discussed with the Engineer and the approval of the methods obtained prior to commencing the operations.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Clear and grub and excavate in accordance with
- B. Compact excavated bed and finish to smooth surface.
- C. Placing stones for paving. Moisten bedding material with water. Wet stones before laying. Lay stones in a full bed of grout having stiff consistency. Use selected stones and shape roughly to make joints between 1/4 inch and 1/2 inch in width.

Bed stones in grout and form uniform planar surface with broken joints.

Within 24 hours after placing stones, point joints with grout to create 1/4 inch recesses. Keep paving surface wet throughout pointing process. Texture of recessed pointing shall not be smooth, but shall match texture of stone used. Visible grout on

exposed rock surface will not be allowed.

D. Restore the surface of the adjacent area and dispose of surplus material.

END OF SECTION

SOIL TREATMENT FOR VEGETATION CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The work to be performed under this section shall include spraying weed killer on the prepared roadway subgrade prior to the installation of the base course and where called on the plans and on existing growth prior to application of asphalt in the case of resurfacing jobs.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

Prior to the start of work, the contractor shall submit to the Engineer the material product data and Material Safety Data Sheets for the material proposed for use.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Weed killer shall be "Casoron 4G", "Norosac 4G", or an approved equal for under asphalt application on new or rebuilt pavement.
- B. Weed killer shall be "Hyvar X", Roundup" or approved equal for application to existing weeds for resurfacing jobs.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- A. The under asphalt weed killer shall be mixed and uniformly spread using calibrated application equipment at the maximum rates permitted for "under asphalt" use and in strict accordance with the manufacturer's label. Base Course material shall be installed as soon as possible after applying the weed killer to preclude loss of germination inhibiting action.
- B. In treatment of existing growth on resurfacing jobs, the weed killer shall be mixed and uniformly sprayed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's label.
- C. Nut grass shall be retreated two (2) days after initial application and again if growth still exists.
- D. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer 24 hours before application of weed killer.

PLANT MIX ASPHALT TREATED BASE AND RECYCLED PLANT MIX ASPHALT TREATED BASE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This section covers the requirements of furnishing and installing asphalt treated base.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Plant Mix Asphalt Treated Base shall conform to Section 32.2 of the Standard Specifications for "Public Works Construction, September 1986".
- B. Recycled Plant Mix Asphalt Treatment Base shall conform to Section 32.2 of the "Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, September 1986", except as modified by the following four paragraphs:
 - 1. The recycled Asphalt Treated Base shall be a mixture of crushed reclaimed asphalt concrete pavement (RACP), virgin aggregate, and asphalt cement. The Contractor shall select the exact proportion of crushed RACP and virgin aggregate in the mix. However, the proportion of RACP to virgin aggregate shall not exceed 30% to 70% by weight.
 - 2. Asphalt cement and virgin aggregate material shall meet the requirements of Section 32.2 and Section 34 of the "Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, September 1986".
 - 3. The RACP shall be processed to provide a reasonably uniform gradation from fine to coarse with 100 percent of the material passing the 1-1/2 inch sieve. The extracted bitumen content for the crushed RACP shall not be less than 2 percent when tested in accordance with the requirements of ASTM. The virgin aggregate shall be handled and sized such that the blend of crushed RACP and virgin aggregate results in a reasonable and acceptable gradation. No job tolerance will be established for the combined mixture; however, once the job mix is established, the Contractor shall maintain controls to produce a uniform product as established in the job mix.

4. The Contractor shall submit for approval, a job mix formula for the recycled Asphalt Treated Base to be supplied. The job mix formula shall indicate the source of aggregates, grades of bituminous material and the proportion of RACP to be used in the mix. The total amount of bituminous binder in the mix shall be between 4.5 and 6.5 percent. Only one grade of bituminous material and only one recycled proportion shall be furnished for the product. Any changes shall be made only upon approval by the Engineer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. The installation of the asphalt treated base shall be in accordance with the "Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, September 1986", Sections 32 and 34, unless otherwise specified herein.
- B. Where the required thickness of plant mixed material is 6 inches or less, the mixture may be spread and compacted in one layer. Where the required thickness is more than 6 inches, the mixture shall be spread and compacted in 2 or more layers of approximately equal thickness, and the maximum compacted thickness of any one layer shall not exceed 6 inches.
- C. Subgrade shall be compacted with on-site excavated material approved by the Engineer when filling is required to bring the subgrade elevation to its required height. Subgrade preparation shall conform to the requirement as specified in Section 29 of the Standard Specification.

END OF SECTION

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Asphaltic concrete shall consist of a mixture of mineral aggregate and bituminous material, mixed at a central plant in the proportions hereinafter specified and spread and compacted on a prepared base or existing road surface.

The pavement may consist of a surface course mixture and leveling or base course mixture, as hereinafter specified.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

All materials shall meet the requirements specified in the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation "Hawaii Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," 1985, with the following subsections of Division 700 - Materials.

| 702.01 |
|--------|
| 702.04 |
| 703.09 |
| 703.15 |
| 703.22 |
| 712.03 |
| |

Leveling or base course mixture shall be Mix No. 2, surface wearing course mixture shall be as shown on the plans or called for in the special provision or proposal.

A. Grading and Composition Requirements: Materials composing the asphalt concrete shall be combined to meet the requirements set forth in Table 1. The grading composition limits specified are based on materials of uniform specific gravity. Correction of grading limits shall be made to compensate for any variations in specific gravity of the individual sizes.

| Compacted Thickness Individual Layers | Base and <u>Leveling Course</u> | <u>(Std.)</u> | <u>Roadway</u> (Dense <u>Grade)</u> | <u>Mixes</u> Resurfacing <u>Mix</u> |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Minimum Maximum | 1-1/2" 2-1/2" | 1-1/4" 1-1/4" 2-1/2" 2-1/2" | 3/4" 1-1/2" | |
| <u>TABLE 1</u> | -GRADING AN | ID COMPOSIT | <u>ION REQU</u> | JIREMENTS |
| MIX NO. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| <u>SIEVE SIZE</u> | | COMBIN <u>Total Perce</u> | ED AGGRE0 | GATE Weight |
| 1-1/4" | 100 | - | - | - |
| 1" | 85-100 | 100 | - | - |
| 3/4" | - | 90-100 | 100 | - |
| 1/2" | 60-85 | 70-90 | 85-100 | 100 |
| 3/8" | - | - | 72-88 | 80-100 |
| No. 4 | 36-55 | 40-57 | 48-66 | 55-75 |
| No. 8 | 26-41 | 30-47 | 32-48 | 35-52 |
| No. 16 | 17-32 | 20-36 | 21-37 | 22-38 |
| No. 30 | 12-25 | 16-28 | 15-27 | 14-26 |
| No. 50 | 8-18 | 10-22 | 9-21 | 8-20 |
| No. 100 | 5-14 | 8-17 | 6-16 | 6-15 |
| No. 200 | 1-8 | 4-10 | 4-10 | 4-10 |
| _Percentage by weight of Asphaltic Cement to be | of | | | |
| Added | 4.5-6.5 | 5.0-7.0 | 6.0-8.0 | 5.0-7.0 |

The grading within the above tolerances shall be to the percentage of aggregate passing the sieves during any day's run will conform to the following limitations:

| Passing No. 4 and larger sieves | 7% above or below |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Passing No. 8 and No. 100 sieves | 4% above or below |
| Passing No. 200 sieves | 2% above or below |
| Bituminous Binder | 0.4% above or below |
| Temperature of Mixture on Delivery | 20°F above or below |

Asphaltic Concrete 02512-2

PART 3- EXECUTION

3.1 DETAILS

A. Mixing: The asphaltic cement shall be heated in a kettle of approved type, and maintained at a temperature between 275NF and 300NF. The heat must be so applied that there can be no burning of any portion of the asphaltic cement. No live steam shall be injected into the cement. The mineral aggregate shall be heated in an approved appliance to a temperature of not less than 275NF nor more than 320NF.

After heating to the required temperature, the required amount of asphalt cement shall be added to the heated aggregate. This mass shall be introduced into the mixer within 25NF of each other's temperature.

B. Prime Coat: All surfaces on or against which asphalt concrete is to be placed shall first be given an asphaltic cement prime or tack coat as specified in Section 02513, "Prime Coat," of these specifications.

Before applying the prime and tack coat, the Contractor shall prepare the existing surfaces by power brooming to remove all loose particles, dust, sand, and other foreign materials.

C. Laying Wearing Surface: In advance of placing asphalt concrete over an existing base, surfacing, or pavement, and after the base, surfacing, or pavement has been prepared as herein specified, and if ordered by the Engineer or shown on the plans, a leveling course mixture shall be spread to level irregularities, dips, depressions, sags, and excessive crown, and to provide a smooth base of uniform grade and cross-section in order that the surface course will be of uniform thickness. The above specified material shall not be placed more than one day in advance of placing the surface course. No additional compensation will be allowed for placing leveling course mixture as specified above and full compensation for all work incidental to such operations shall be considered as included in the contract prices or price paid for the asphalt concrete mixture used.

The mixture as prepared above shall be brought to the work in suitable vehicles at a temperature of not less than 250NF. Tarpaulins shall be provided and used upon all loads.

The wearing surface shall be spread with self-propelled mechanical spreading and finishing equipment, provided with a screed or strike-off assembly capable of distributing not less than the full width of a traffic lane. The screed shall be adjustable to the required crown and elevation. Screeding includes any cutting, crowding or other action which is effective on the mixture without tearing, shoving, or gouging, and which produces a finished surface

of an even texture. The equipment shall be provided with rolling, tamping, or other suitable compacting devices, and shall be operated with a forward speed of not more than 20 feet per minute.

If the spreading and finishing equipment leaves ridges, indentations, or other marks in the surface that cannot be eliminated by rolling or prevented by adjustment in operation, its use shall be discontinued and other acceptable equipment shall be furnished by the Contractor.

If more than one course is to be laid in any area, not more than 24 hours shall elapse between the spreading and finishing of any two successive courses in that area.

The self-propelled mechanical spreading and finishing machine shall be capable of propelling the vehicle being unloaded in uniform manner and, if necessary, the load of the haul vehicle shall be so limited that satisfactory spreading will be obtained. While being unloaded, the vehicle shall be firmly attached to the machine and the brakes on the vehicle shall not be depended upon to obtain contact between the vehicle and the machine.

Before placing asphalt concrete wearing surface adjacent to cold transverse construction joints, such joints shall be trimmed to a vertical face in a neat line. The location of the proposed joint shall be tested with a 10-foot straight-edge and cut back such that when the straight-edge is laid on the finished surface parallel with the center line of the street, the surface shall in no place vary from the lower edge of the straight-edge more than 1/8 inch.

Before placing asphalt concrete adjacent to any existing asphalt concrete, the face of the existing asphalt concrete shall be trimmed to a vertical face in a neat line.

Where asphalt concrete wearing surface is placed adjacent to a Portland cement concrete gutter, the asphalt concrete wearing surface shall be so laid that its surface, after compaction, will approximately be 1/4-inch above the surface of the adjacent concrete. The edge of the asphalt concrete wearing surface shall then be smoothed and sealed over a width of approximately 3 inches with hot hand-irons having a self-contained heating unit.

At locations where the width of asphalt concrete mixture to be spread is too narrow to permit the use of self-propelled mechanical spreading and finishing equipment, or where the surfacing is to extend to a featheredge and the use of such a machine is not practicable, the mixture may be spread by hand-raking. Where hand-raking is permitted, the mixture shall be finally shaped and smoothed by means of a wooden float 8 feet long, one-inch thick and 4 inches wide. The float shall be rigidly ribbed, and to insure a true and flat surface on the underside, adjusting screws shall be placed between the rib and float at not more than 24-inch centers. The float shall be operated by means of a long handle, from the side of the area being paved or surfaced, and parallel with the center line of the pavement or surfacing. High spots and irregularities that are transverse to the path of traffic shall be

cut down and the material redistributed over the area. The maximum depth of wearing surface which may be spread and rolled in one course shall not exceed a compacted thickness of 2 inches. Where such thickness exceeds 2 inches, it shall be spread and rolled in courses each not to exceed a compacted thickness of 1-1/2 inches unless otherwise specified in these specifications.

Wearing surface mixture shall not be spread from hauling vehicles.

No wearing surface shall be spread when the atmospheric temperature is below 50°F or during other unsuitable weather, or when the base is wet.

D. Rolling: Immediately after the wearing surface has been laid as specified above, it shall be compressed with power rollers, smooth running, and in first-class mechanical condition. Initial rolling or tamping shall be performed when the temperature of the mixture is between 220NF and 245NF.

After the first pass of the roller, any low or grainy spots shall be broken up with a hot rake and more material worked in to insure a surface of uniform texture and maximum density. Rolling equipment shall be self-propelled. Initial rolling of asphalt concrete mixtures shall be performed by means of a three-wheeled roller weighing not less than 12 tons and with a compression on the rear wheels of not less than 325 pounds per linear inch of tire width, or in lieu thereof, by means of a three-axle tandem roller weighing not less than 12 tons. For production not exceeding 150 tons per hour, not less than one of the above specified rollers shall be used for initial rolling. For productions in excess of 150 tons per hour, one additional roller of a type designated by the Engineer will be required for each additional 100 tons or fraction thereof of asphalt concrete mixture placed.

Three-axle-tandem type rollers shall be so constructed that the rolls, when locked in position for all treads to be in one plane, are held with a rigidity which will permit the following test under full load. With the weight of the roller supported on the central roll, the tread of the central roll shall not be more than 1/8-inch above the plane tangent to the treads of the end rolls. With the weight of the roller supported on the end rolls, the tread of the central roll shall not be more than 1/4-inch below the plane tangent to the treads of the end rolls.

In general, three-axle tandem roller shall not be used in rolling over a crown or on warped surfaces when the axle is in a locked position.

Finishing rolling of asphalt concrete mixtures shall be performed by means of a tandem roller weighing not less than 10 tons.

Rolling shall continue until the compressed pavement or surfacing has a relative specific gravity of not less than 95 percent of the specific gravity of the combined mixture without voids.

E. Smoothness: The finished surface of the pavement shall be true to grade and cross-section, free from depressions, or grainy spots, and shall show a uniform distribution of aggregate.

When a straight-edge, 10 feet long, is laid on the finished surface parallel to the center line of the pavement, the surface shall in no place vary from the lower edge of the straight-edge more than 3/16 of an inch.

No traffic shall be permitted on any course of asphalt concrete until it has cooled and set, except such traffic as may be necessary for construction purposes.

END OF SECTION

Asphaltic Concrete 02512-6

PRIME COAT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This section covers the requirements for furnishing and installing of prime coat.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Bituminous Material: Bituminous material for prime coat shall be a medium curing liquid asphalt, Grade MC-30, conforming to the applicable requirements of Section 702 -Bituminous Materials, State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation "Standard Specifications of Road and Bridge Construction."

The Contractor shall submit a Certificate of Compliance accompanied by test data, conforming to the requirements of ASTM M82-75 Cut-Back Asphalt (Medium Curing Type), for each lot or batch of MC-30. Medium curing liquid asphalt, grade MC-30 will not be accepted without adequate documentation.

The Engineer reserves the right to waive any of the requirements for the MC-30 provided that its performance is not affected.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DETAILS

A. Immediately before applying the prime coat, the surface to be treated shall be swept clean of all loose material, dirt, excess dust or other objectionable material.

Prime coat shall not be applied when the surface to be treated is appreciably damp or when weather conditions are unsuitable.

B. The material shall be uniformly applied by a vehicle, mounted, pressure operated, sprayer type distributor at an approximate rate of 0.35 of a gallon per square yard. The exact rate of application shall be determined by the Engineer. After the prime coat has penetrated the surface, deficient areas shall receive additional applications and areas of excess bituminous material shall be blotted with clean sand. Traffic shall be kept off the prime coat until the material has been completely absorbed.

Prime Coat 02513-1 C. Curbs, sidewalks and gutters shall be protected from prime coat. Any material sprayed on adjoining improvements shall be immediately cleaned off. The edges of existing asphalt paving, manholes and catch basin frames, concrete gutters, etc., against which asphaltic concrete pavement is to be placed shall be given a prime coat.

END OF SECTION

Prime Coat 02513-2

TACK COAT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This section covers the requirements for furnishing and installing bituminous tack coat.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 All sections or subsections called for in the specifications shall be referred to the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, "Hawaii Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," 1985.

2.2 MATERIALS

Bituminous material for tack coat shall be slow-setting emulsified asphalt, Type SS-1 or Type SS-1H, conforming to the applicable requirements of Section 407 - Bituminous Tack Coat.

Water shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 712.01 - Water.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Weather Limitations: Tack coat shall not be applied on a wet surface or when weather conditions otherwise shall prevent proper construction.
- B. Equipment: The Contractor shall provide equipment for heating and applying the bituminous material. This equipment shall meet the requirements of Subsection 405.03(B) Equipment.
- C. Preparation of Surface: Immediately before applying the tack coat, the surface to be treated shall be swept clean of all loose material, dirt, excess dust or other objectionable matter. A power broom or power blower, supplemented by hand methods if necessary, shall be used.
- D. Application of Bituminous Material: The emulsified asphalt shall be diluted with water at a rate of one part emulsion to one part of water by volume. The quantity, rate of

Tack Coat 02514-1

application, temperature, and areas to be treated will be approved prior to application.

Tack coat shall be placed only so far in advance of the surface course placement as is necessary for it to cure to the proper condition for placement of such surface course.

Unless otherwise specified, tack coat shall be applied at the rate of 0.05 - 0.15 gallon per square yard on surface of base course.

Tack coat will not be measured for payment. Tack coat will be considered as incidental to the various contract items.

END OF SECTION

Tack Coat 02514-2

BROOMING OFF

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This section covers the requirements for cleaning an existing surface or a pavement according to the contract.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. None specified.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DETAILS

- A. Remove earth, dust or other foreign material and existing raised pavement markers from the entire area in question. Remove raveled materials from pockets in the surface, remove grass or other growth from edges of the area, crop the adjacent growth closely to prevent interference with subsequent operations and dispose of debris resulting from the cleaning operations.
- B. Clean the edges of the existing surface so that the edges may be reconstructed to their original thickness and width.
- C. Remove loose material and excess dust by mechanically operated broom or air pressure, supplemented by hand brooming where required. Air pressure shall be applied through pipe nozzles operating from a compressor producing one hundred (100) pounds per square inch pressure. Work shall be done while the surface is thoroughly dry.

PART 4 – MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

- A. Brooming off will not be measured for payment.
- B. Brooming off will be considered as incidental to the various contract items.

END OF SECTION

Brooming Off 02515-1

ASPHALT RESTRAINT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This section covers the requirements for furnishing and installing as asphalt edge.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Asphalt edging including accessories shall be Permaloc AsphaltEdge, or approved equal.
- B. The Contractor shall submit shop drawings and manufacturer's data including installation instuctions to the Engineer for approval prior to construction.

PART 3 - WARRANTY

- 3.1 The Contractor shall assume a one (1) year warranty against all defects for the following:
 - A. All trench drain materials supplied and installed in accordance with this section.
 - B. Workmanship used to perform the work covered by this section.

END OF SECTION

Asphalt Restraint 02516-1

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This section covers reqirements for furnishing and installing portland cement concrete and driveways.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Materials for roads and swales (road shoulder) areas shall be constructed in accordance with the below-listed sections of the counties' STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION dated September 1986, and STANDARD DETAILS FOR PUBLIC WORKS dated September 1984, as revised, except as amended in the plans and/or specifications herewith. (Paragraphs concerning Measurements and Payments in the Sections are not applicable to this project.)

| 1. | Borrow | Section 16 |
|----|-----------------------------------|------------|
| 2. | Subgrade | Section 29 |
| 3. | Subbase | Section 30 |
| 4. | Base Course | Section 31 |
| 5. | Portland Cement Concrete Pavement | Section 37 |
| 6. | Concrete Curb | Section 41 |

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Stake out the areas to be paved, using wooden stakes on which the final finish elevations, base course, subbase course and subgrade elevations are clearly marked. All such stakes and elevations shall be approved by the Engineer before any work is done.

Portland Cement Concrete Pavement 02520-1

- B. Spray weed killer on the prepared subgrade of roads, swales and driveways, at a uniform rate of 2 gallons per 100 square feet. Notify the Engineer 24 hours before application of weed killer.
- C. Install roadways, driveways, parking areas and walkways in accordance with the applicable sections noted hereinbefore.
- D. No traffic shall be allowed on concrete for at least 10 days.

3.2 ADJUSTMENT OF EXISTING UTILITY STRUCTURES TO FINISHED GRADE

Adjust existing utility structures to finished grade in accordance with Section 36 of the Counties' STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION, dated September 1986. Paragraphs concerning Measurements and Payments in the section are not applicable to this project.

3.3 REPAIR OF EXISTING PAVEMENTS

- A. Repair to the original condition and to the satisfaction of the Engineer, all existing pavements (including roads and walkways) that have been damaged by construction activities, including damage done by heavy equipment.
- B. Restore pavements and other improvements in accordance with Section 38 of the Counties' STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION, dated September 1986. Paragraphs concerning Measurements and Payments in the section are not applicable to this project.

END OF SECTION

REGULATORY AND WARNING SIGNS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

This section covers the requirements for furnishing and installing sign panels, regulatory and warning signs and sign structures and performing all incidental work.

1.2 STANDARDS

Unless otherwise modified herein, work under this section shall conform to referenced portions of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," 1985, as amended, of the State Department of Transportation, Highways Division, hereinafter referred to "DOT Standard Specifications." All references to measurement and payment shall be deleted.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Concrete for sign structures shall be of the class specified on the plans.
- B. Other materials shall meet the requirements specified on the following subsections of Division 700 "Materials" of the "DOT Standard Specifications," as amended.

| 1. | Signs | 712.20 |
|----|---------------------|--------|
| 2. | Sign Post | 713.11 |
| 3. | Fasteners for Signs | 713.12 |

2.2 POSTS

A. Sign Posts:

Unless specified otherwise in the plans, 2-inch galvanized standard pipe or 2 x 2 inch 12 gauge square tube post shall be used for Regulatory and Warning Signs.

2.3 REGULATORY AND WARNING SIGN SUPPORTS

The Contractor shall submit shop drawings for approval prior to assembling in accordance with the requirements of Section 501 - Steel Structures, of "DOT Standard Specifications."

Regulatory and Warning Signs 02846-1 All welding shall be continuous and shall conform to the requirements of Section 501 of the "DOT Standard Specifications."

The weld metal at transverse joints shall extend to the sleeve, making the sleeve an integral part of the joint. Longitudinal welds shall be made by the submerged arc process. Welds except fillet welds shall be ground flush with the base material.

Unless otherwise specified, all exposed surfaces including the inside of the tubular posts and arms shall be hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. The upper 10 inches of anchor bolts shall be hot-dip galvanized. Galvanizing shall be in accordance with the requirements of Section 501 - Steel Structures, of "DOT Standard Specifications."

All ground mounted sign supports and sign posts, cross-arms and panel frames shall be painted at the work site after proper preparation of the galvanized surfaces in accordance with the provisions of Section 501 - Steel Structure of "DOT Standard Specifications" except the painting shall consist of a prime coat of zinc-dust, zinc-oxide primer followed by 2 coats of dark green enamel paint as specified.

Where aluminum sign supports are used, they shall conform to the requirements of Section 713.14(B) - Aluminum Supports, of "DOT Standard Specifications."

2.4 REGULATORY AND WARNING SIGNS

The Contractor shall be responsible for submitting six (6) sets of shop drawings of all work pertinent to the fabrication of the signs.

Panels shall be assembled in the shop and checked for straightness, alignment and dimensions. Variations shall be corrected to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Sign panels shall be carefully and securely installed as shown on the plans. Chipped or bent signs shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MOUNTING OF SIGNS

Permanent signs shall be erected on posts as shown on the plans or as directed. The posts shall be set plumb at the required locations.

END OF SECTION

Regulatory and Warning Signs 02846-2

CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes cast-in-place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes, for the following:
 - 1. Footings.
 - 2. Foundation walls.
 - 3. Slabs-on-grade.
 - 4. Concrete toppings.

B. Related Sections:

- 1. Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for drainage fill under slabs-on-grade.
- 2. Division 2 Section "Cement Concrete Pavement" for concrete pavement and walks.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Cementitious Materials: Portland cement alone or in combination with one or more of the following: blended hydraulic cement, fly ash and other pozzolans, ground granulated blast-furnace slag, and silica fume; subject to compliance with requirements.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture. Submit alternate design mixtures when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.
 - 1. Indicate amounts of mixing water to be withheld for later addition at Project site.

- C. Steel Reinforcement Shop Drawings: Placing drawings that detail fabrication, bending, and placement. Include bar sizes, lengths, material, grade, bar schedules, stirrup spacing, bent bar diagrams, bar arrangement, splices and laps, mechanical connections, tie spacing, hoop spacing, and supports for concrete reinforcement.
- D. Construction Joint Layout: Indicate proposed construction joints required to construct the structure.
 - 1. Location of construction joints is subject to approval of the Architect.
- E. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- F. Welding certificates.
- G. Material Certificates: For each of the following, signed by manufacturers:
 - 1. Cementitious materials.
 - 2. Admixtures.
 - 3. Form materials and form-release agents.
 - 4. Steel reinforcement and accessories.
 - 5. Fiber reinforcement.
 - 6. Waterstops.
 - 7. Curing compounds.
 - 8. Floor and slab treatments.
 - 9. Bonding agents.
 - 10. Adhesives.
 - 11. Semirigid joint filler.
 - 12. Joint-filler strips.
 - 13. Repair materials.
- H. Material Test Reports: For the following, from a qualified testing agency, indicating compliance with requirements:
 - 1. Aggregates
- I. Field quality-control reports.
- J. Minutes of preinstallation conference.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs on Project personnel qualified as ACI-certified Flatwork Technician and Finisher and a supervisor who is an ACI-certified Concrete Flatwork Technician.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.

- 1. Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.
 - 1. Personnel conducting field tests shall be qualified as ACI Concrete Field Testing Technician, Grade 1, according to ACI CP-1 or an equivalent certification program.
 - 2. Personnel performing laboratory tests shall be ACI-certified Concrete Strength Testing Technician and Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician - Grade I. Testing Agency laboratory supervisor shall be an ACI-certified Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician -Grade II.
- D. Source Limitations: Obtain each type or class of cementitious material of the same brand from the same manufacturer's plant, obtain aggregate from single source, and obtain admixtures from single source from single manufacturer.
- E. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.4/D 1.4M, "Structural Welding Code Reinforcing Steel."
- F. ACI Publications: Comply with the following unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:
 - 1. ACI 301, "Specifications for Structural Concrete."
 - 2. ACI 117, "Specifications for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials."
- G. Concrete Testing Service: Engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixtures.
- H. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Lihue-Koloa Forest Reserve.
 - 1. Before submitting design mixtures, review concrete design mixture and examine procedures for ensuring quality of concrete materials. Require representatives of each entity directly concerned with cast-in-place concrete to attend, including the following:
 - a. Contractor's superintendent.
 - b. Independent testing agency responsible for concrete design mixtures.
 - c. Ready-mix concrete manufacturer.
 - d. Concrete subcontractor.
 - e. Special concrete finish subcontractor.
 - 2. Review special inspection and testing and inspecting agency procedures for field quality control, curing procedures, construction contraction and isolation joints, and joint-filler strips, semirigid joint fillers, forms and form removal limitations, steel reinforcement installation and concrete protection.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Steel Reinforcement: Deliver, store, and handle steel reinforcement to prevent bending and damage.
- B. Waterstops: Store waterstops under cover to protect from moisture, sunlight, dirt, oil, and other contaminants.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FORM-FACING MATERIALS

- A. Smooth-Formed Finished Concrete: Form-facing panels that will provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.
 - 1. Plywood, metal, or other approved panel materials.
 - 2. Exterior-grade plywood panels, suitable for concrete forms, complying with DOC PS 1, and as follows:
 - a. High-density overlay, Class 1 or better.
 - b. Medium-density overlay, Class 1 or better; mill-release agent treated and edge sealed.
 - c. Structural 1, B-B or better; mill oiled and edge sealed.
 - d. B-B (Concrete Form), Class 1 or better; mill oiled and edge sealed.
- B. Rough-Formed Finished Concrete: Plywood, lumber, metal, or another approved material. Provide lumber dressed on at least two edges and one side for tight fit.
- C. Forms for Cylindrical Columns, Pedestals, and Supports: Metal, glass-fiber-reinforced plastic, paper, or fiber tubes that will produce surfaces with gradual or abrupt irregularities not exceeding specified formwork surface class. Provide units with sufficient wall thickness to resist plastic concrete loads without detrimental deformation.
- D. Chamfer Strips: Wood, metal, PVC, or rubber strips, 3/4 by 3/4 inch minimum.
- E. Rustication Strips: Wood, metal, PVC, or rubber strips, kerfed for ease of form removal.
- F. Form-Release Agent: Commercially formulated form-release agent that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.
 - 1. Formulate form-release agent with rust inhibitor for steel form-facing materials.
- G. Form Ties: Factory-fabricated, removable or snap-off metal or glass-fiber-reinforced plastic form ties designed to resist lateral pressure of fresh concrete on forms and to prevent spalling of concrete on removal.

- 1. Furnish units that will leave no corrodible metal closer than 1 inch to the plane of exposed concrete surface.
- 2. Furnish ties that, when removed, will leave holes no larger than 1 inch in diameter in concrete surface.
- 3. Furnish ties with integral water-barrier plates to walls indicated to receive dampproofing or waterproofing.

2.2 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed.

2.3 REINFORCEMENT ACCESSORIES

- A. Joint Dowel Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, plain-steel bars, cut true to length with ends square and free of burrs.
- B. Zinc Repair Material: ASTM A 780, zinc-based solder, paint containing zinc dust, or sprayed zinc.
- C. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice," of greater compressive strength than concrete and as follows:
 - 1. For concrete surfaces exposed to view where legs of wire bar supports contact forms, use CRSI Class 1 plastic-protected steel wire or CRSI Class 2 stainless-steel bar supports.
 - 2. For epoxy-coated reinforcement, use epoxy-coated or other dielectric-polymer-coated wire bar supports.
 - 3. For zinc-coated reinforcement, use galvanized wire or dielectric-polymer-coated wire bar supports.

2.4 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Cementitious Material: Use the following cementitious materials, of the same type, brand, and source, throughout Project:
 - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I/II.
 - 2. Portland Cement: ASTM C 595, Type IL/IIL.
- B. Silica Fume: ASTM C 1240, amorphous silica.
- C. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, Class 3S coarse aggregate or better, graded. Provide aggregates from a single source.
 - 1. Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size: 1 inch nominal.
 - 2. Fine Aggregate: Free of materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in cement.

D. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M.

2.5 ADMIXTURES

- A. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
- B. Chemical Admixtures: Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that will not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.
 - 1. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
 - 2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.
 - 3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.
 - 4. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F.
 - 5. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G.
 - 6. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M, Type II.
- C. Set-Accelerating Corrosion-Inhibiting Admixture: Commercially formulated, anodic inhibitor or mixed cathodic and anodic inhibitor; capable of forming a protective barrier and minimizing chloride reactions with steel reinforcement in concrete and complying with ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type C.
- D. Non-Set-Accelerating Corrosion-Inhibiting Admixture: Commercially formulated, non-setaccelerating, anodic inhibitor or mixed cathodic and anodic inhibitor; capable of forming a protective barrier and minimizing chloride reactions with steel reinforcement in concrete.

2.6 WATERSTOPS

- A. Flexible Rubber Waterstops: CE CRD-C 513, for embedding in concrete to prevent passage of fluids through joints. Factory fabricate corners, intersections, and directional changes.
 - 1. Profile: Ribbed with center bulb.
 - 2. Dimensions: 4 inches by 3/16 inch thick nontapered.
- B. Flexible PVC Waterstops: CE CRD-C 572, for embedding in concrete to prevent passage of fluids through joints. Factory fabricate corners, intersections, and directional changes.
 - 1. Profile: Flat, dumbbell with center bulb.
 - 2. Dimensions: 4 inches by 3/16 inch thick ; nontapered.

2.7 CURING MATERIALS

A. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete.

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- B. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. when dry.
- C. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.
- D. Water: Potable.
- E. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B, dissipating.
- F. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B, nondissipating.

2.8 RELATED MATERIALS

- A. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751.
- B. Semirigid Joint Filler: Two-component, semirigid, 100 percent solids, per ASTM D 2240.
- C. Bonding Agent: ASTM C 1059/C 1059M, Type II, non-redispersible, acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene.
- D. Epoxy Bonding Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two-component epoxy resin, capable of humid curing and bonding to damp surfaces, of class suitable for application temperature and of grade to suit requirements.

2.9 REPAIR MATERIALS

- A. Repair Underlayment: Cement-based, polymer-modified, self-leveling product that can be applied in thicknesses from 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) and that can be feathered at edges to match adjacent floor elevations.
 - 1. Cement Binder: ASTM C 150, portland cement or hydraulic or blended hydraulic cement as defined in ASTM C 219.
 - 2. Primer: Product of underlayment manufacturer recommended for substrate, conditions, and application.
 - 3. Aggregate: Well-graded, washed gravel, 1/8 to 1/4 inch or coarse sand as recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
 - 4. Compressive Strength: Not less than 4100 psi at 28 days when tested according to ASTM C 109/C 109M.

2.10 CONCRETE MIXTURES, GENERAL

A. Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301.

- 1. Use a qualified independent testing agency for preparing and reporting proposed mixture designs based on laboratory trial mixtures.
- B. Cementitious Materials: Use fly ash, pozzolan, ground granulated blast-furnace slag, and silica fume as needed to reduce the total amount of portland cement, which would otherwise be used, by not less than 40 percent. Limit percentage, by weight, of cementitious materials other than portland cement in concrete as follows:
 - 1. Fly Ash: 25 percent.
 - 2. Combined Fly Ash and Pozzolan: 25 percent.
 - 3. Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: 50 percent.
 - 4. Combined Fly Ash or Pozzolan and Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: 50 percent portland cement minimum, with fly ash or pozzolan not exceeding 25 percent.
 - 5. Silica Fume: 10 percent.
 - 6. Combined Fly Ash, Pozzolans, and Silica Fume: 35 percent with fly ash or pozzolans not exceeding 25 percent and silica fume not exceeding 10 percent.
 - 7. Combined Fly Ash or Pozzolans, Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag, and Silica Fume: 50 percent with fly ash or pozzolans not exceeding 25 percent and silica fume not exceeding 10 percent.
- C. Limit water-soluble, chloride-ion content in hardened concrete to 0.06 percent by weight of cement.
- D. Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Use water-reducing or plasticizing admixture in concrete, as required, for placement and workability.
 - 2. Use water-reducing and retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.
 - 3. Use water-reducing admixture in pumped concrete, concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a water-cementitious materials ratio below 0.50.
 - 4. Use corrosion-inhibiting admixture in concrete mixtures where indicated.
- E. Color Pigment: Add color pigment to concrete mixture according to manufacturer's written instructions and to result in hardened concrete color consistent with approved mockup.

2.11 CONCRETE MIXTURES FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS

- A. Footings: Proportion normal-weight concrete mixture as follows:
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 4000 psi at 28 days.
 - 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio: 0.45
 - 3. Slump Limit: 5 inches, plus or minus 1 inch.
 - 4. Air Content: 6 percent, plus or minus 1.5 percent at point of delivery for 1-inch nominal maximum aggregate size.
- B. Foundation Walls: Proportion normal-weight concrete mixture as follows:

- 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 4000 psi at 28 days.
- 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio: 0.45
- 3. Slump Limit: 5 inches, plus or minus 1 inch.
- 4. Air Content: 6 percent, plus or minus 1.5 percent at point of delivery for 1-inch nominal maximum aggregate size.
- C. Slabs-on-Grade: Proportion normal-weight concrete mixture as follows:
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 4000 psi at 28 days.
 - 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio: 0.45
 - 3. Slump Limit: 5 inches, plus or minus 1 inch.
 - 4. Air Content: 6 percent, plus or minus 1.5 percent at point of delivery for 1-inch nominal maximum aggregate size.
- D. Concrete Toppings: Proportion normal-weight concrete mixture as follows:
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 4000 psi at 28 days.
 - 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio: 0.45
 - 3. Slump Limit: 5 inches, plus or minus 1 inch.
 - 4. Air Content: 6 percent, plus or minus 1.5 percent at point of delivery for 1-inch nominal maximum aggregate size.

2.12 FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

2.13 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M, and furnish batch ticket information.
 - 1. When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F ,reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.
- B. Project-Site Mixing: Measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M. Mix concrete materials in appropriate drum-type batch machine mixer.
 - 1. For mixer capacity of 1 cu. yd. or smaller, continue mixing at least 1-1/2 minutes, but not more than 5 minutes after ingredients are in mixer, before any part of batch is released.
 - 2. For mixer capacity larger than 1 cu. yd., increase mixing time by 15 seconds for each additional 1 cu. yd.
 - 3. Provide batch ticket for each batch discharged and used in the Work, indicating Project identification name and number, date, mixture type, mixture time, quantity, and amount of water added. Record approximate location of final deposit in structure.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FORMWORK

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.
- C. Limit concrete surface irregularities, designated by ACI 347 as abrupt or gradual, as follows:
 1. Class B, 1/4 inchfor rough-formed finished surfaces.
- D. Construct forms tight enough to prevent loss of concrete mortar.
- E. Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces steeper than 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical.
 - 1. Install keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like, for easy removal.
 - 2. Do not use rust-stained steel form-facing material.
- F. Set edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed strips for slabs to achieve required elevations and slopes in finished concrete surfaces. Provide and secure units to support screed strips; use strike-off templates or compacting-type screeds.
- G. Provide temporary openings for cleanouts and inspection ports where interior area of formwork is inaccessible. Close openings with panels tightly fitted to forms and securely braced to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings in forms at inconspicuous locations.
- H. Chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.
- I. Form openings, chases, offsets, sinkages, keyways, reglets, blocking, screeds, and bulkheads required in the Work. Determine sizes and locations from trades providing such items.
- J. Clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, and other debris just before placing concrete.
- K. Retighten forms and bracing before placing concrete, as required, to prevent mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.
- L. Coat contact surfaces of forms with form-release agent, according to manufacturer's written instructions, before placing reinforcement.

3.2 EMBEDDED ITEMS

- A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
 - 1. Install anchor rods, accurately located, to elevations required and complying with tolerances in Section 7.5 of AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."
 - 2. Install reglets to receive waterproofing and to receive through-wall flashings in outer face of concrete frame at exterior walls, where flashing is shown at lintels, shelf angles, and other conditions.
 - 3. Install dovetail anchor slots in concrete structures as indicated.

3.3 REMOVING AND REUSING FORMS

- A. General: Formwork for sides of beams, walls, columns, and similar parts of the Work that does not support weight of concrete may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 deg F for 24 hours after placing concrete. Concrete has to be hard enough to not be damaged by form-removal operations and curing and protection operations need to be maintained.
 - 1. Leave formwork for beam soffits, joists, slabs, and other structural elements that supports weight of concrete in place until concrete has achieved at least 70 percent of its 28-day design compressive strength.
 - 2. Remove forms only if shores have been arranged to permit removal of forms without loosening or disturbing shores.
- B. Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be reused in the Work. Split, frayed, delaminated, or otherwise damaged form-facing material will not be acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form-release agent.
- C. When forms are reused, clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten to close joints. Align and secure joints to avoid offsets. Do not use patched forms for exposed concrete surfaces unless approved by Architect.

3.4 SHORES AND RESHORES

- A. Comply with ACI 318 and ACI 301 for design, installation, and removal of shoring and reshoring.
 - 1. Do not remove shoring or reshoring until measurement of slab tolerances is complete.
- B. In multistory construction, extend shoring or reshoring over a sufficient number of stories to distribute loads in such a manner that no floor or member will be excessively loaded or will induce tensile stress in concrete members without sufficient steel reinforcement.
- C. Plan sequence of removal of shores and reshore to avoid damage to concrete. Locate and provide adequate reshoring to support construction without excessive stress or deflection.
3.5 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for placing reinforcement.
 - 1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.
- B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other foreign materials that would reduce bond to concrete.
- C. Accurately position, support, and secure reinforcement against displacement. Locate and support reinforcement with bar supports to maintain minimum concrete cover. Do not tack weld crossing reinforcing bars.
 - 1. Weld reinforcing bars according to AWS D1.4/D 1.4M, where indicated.
- D. Set wire ties with ends directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.
- E. Install welded wire reinforcement in longest practicable lengths on bar supports spaced to minimize sagging. Lap edges and ends of adjoining sheets at least one mesh spacing. Offset laps of adjoining sheet widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction. Lace overlaps with wire.
- F. Epoxy-Coated Reinforcement: Repair cut and damaged epoxy coatings with epoxy repair coating according to ASTM D 3963/D 3963M. Use epoxy-coated steel wire ties to fasten epoxy-coated steel reinforcement.
- G. Zinc-Coated Reinforcement: Repair cut and damaged zinc coatings with zinc repair material according to ASTM A 780. Use galvanized steel wire ties to fasten zinc-coated steel reinforcement.

3.6 JOINTS

- A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.
- B. Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by Architect.
 - 1. Place joints perpendicular to main reinforcement. Continue reinforcement across construction joints unless otherwise indicated. Do not continue reinforcement through sides of strip placements of floors and slabs.
 - 2. Form keyed joints as indicated. Embed keys at least 1-1/2 inches into concrete.
 - 3. Locate joints for beams, slabs, joists, and girders in the middle third of spans. Offset joints in girders a minimum distance of twice the beam width from a beam-girder intersection.
 - 4. Locate horizontal joints in walls and columns at underside of floors, slabs, beams, and girders and at the top of footings or floor slabs.
 - 5. Space vertical joints in walls as indicated. Locate joints beside piers integral with walls, near corners, and in concealed locations where possible.

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- 6. Use a bonding agent at locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or partially hardened concrete surfaces.
- 7. Use epoxy-bonding adhesive at locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or partially hardened concrete surfaces.
- C. Contraction Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of concrete thickness as follows:
 - 1. Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint to a radius of 1/8 inch. Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover tool marks on concrete surfaces.
 - 2. Sawed Joints: Form contraction joints with power saws equipped with shatterproof abrasive or diamond-rimmed blades. Cut 1/8-inch wide joints into concrete when cutting action will not tear, abrade, or otherwise damage surface and before concrete develops random contraction cracks.
- D. Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: After removing formwork, install joint-filler strips at slab junctions with vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and other locations, as indicated.
 - 1. Extend joint-filler strips full width and depth of joint, terminating flush with finished concrete surface unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Terminate full-width joint-filler strips not less than 1/2 inch or more than 1 inch below finished concrete surface where joint sealants, specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants," are indicated.
 - 3. Install joint-filler strips in lengths as long as practicable. Where more than one length is required, lace or clip sections together.
- E. Doweled Joints: Install dowel bars and support assemblies at joints where indicated. Lubricate or asphalt coat one-half of dowel length to prevent concrete bonding to one side of joint.

3.7 WATERSTOPS

A. Flexible Waterstops: Install in construction joints and at other joints indicated to form a continuous diaphragm. Install in longest lengths practicable. Support and protect exposed waterstops during progress of the Work. Field fabricate joints in waterstops according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.8 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections have been performed.
- B. Do not add water to concrete during delivery, at Project site, or during placement unless approved by Architect.

- C. Before test sampling and placing concrete, water may be added at Project site, subject to limitations of ACI 301.
 - 1. Do not add water to concrete after adding high-range water-reducing admixtures to mixture.
- D. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
 - 1. Deposit concrete in horizontal layers of depth to not exceed formwork design pressures and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints.
 - 2. Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.
 - 3. Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms. Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations to rapidly penetrate placed layer and at least 6 inches into preceding layer. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to lose plasticity. At each insertion, limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing mixture constituents to segregate.
- E. Deposit and consolidate concrete for floors and slabs in a continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until placement of a panel or section is complete.
 - 1. Consolidate concrete during placement operations so concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement and other embedded items and into corners.
 - 2. Maintain reinforcement in position on chairs during concrete placement.
 - 3. Screed slab surfaces with a straightedge and strike off to correct elevations.
 - 4. Slope surfaces uniformly to drains where required.
 - 5. Begin initial floating using bull floats or darbies to form a uniform and open-textured surface plane, before excess bleedwater appears on the surface. Do not further disturb slab surfaces before starting finishing operations.
- F. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301 and as follows:
 - 1. Maintain concrete temperature below 90 deg F time of placement. Chilled mixing water or chopped ice may be used to control temperature, provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Using liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.
 - 2. Fog-spray forms, steel reinforcement, and subgrade just before placing concrete. Keep subgrade uniformly moist without standing water, soft spots, or dry areas.

3.9 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

A. Rough-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material with tie holes and defects repaired and patched. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.

- B. Filling In: Fill in holes and openings left in concrete structures after work of other trades is in place unless otherwise indicated. Mix, place, and cure concrete, as specified, to blend with inplace construction. Provide other miscellaneous concrete filling indicated or required to complete the Work.
- C. Curbs: Provide monolithic finish to interior curbs by stripping forms while concrete is still green and by steel-troweling surfaces to a hard, dense finish with corners, intersections, and terminations slightly rounded.

3.10 CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 301 for hot-weather protection during curing.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.
- C. Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, including underside of beams, supported slabs, and other similar surfaces. If forms remain during curing period, moist cure after loosening forms. If removing forms before end of curing period, continue curing for the remainder of the curing period.
- D. Unformed Surfaces: Begin curing immediately after finishing concrete. Cure unformed surfaces, including floors and slabs, concrete floor toppings, and other surfaces.
- E. Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods:
 - 1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days with the following materials:
 - a. Water.
 - b. Continuous water-fog spray.
 - c. Absorptive cover, water saturated, and kept continuously wet. Cover concrete surfaces and edges with 12-inch lap over adjacent absorptive covers.
 - 2. Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches, and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.
 - a. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings.
 - b. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive penetrating liquid floor treatments.

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- c. Cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings with either a moisture-retaining cover or a curing compound that the manufacturer certifies will not interfere with bonding of floor covering used on Project.
- 3. Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.
 - a. Removal: After curing period has elapsed, remove curing compound without damaging concrete surfaces by method recommended by curing compound manufacturer.
- 4. Curing and Sealing Compound: Apply uniformly to floors and slabs indicated in a continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Repeat process 24 hours later and apply a second coat. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

3.11 JOINT FILLING

- A. Prepare, clean, and install joint filler according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Defer joint filling until concrete has aged at least [one] [six] month(s). Do not fill joints until construction traffic has permanently ceased.
- B. Remove dirt, debris, saw cuttings, curing compounds, and sealers from joints; leave contact faces of joint clean and dry.
- C. Install semirigid joint filler full depth in saw-cut joints and at least 2 inches deep in formed joints. Overfill joint and trim joint filler flush with top of joint after hardening.

3.12 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

- A. Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.
- B. Patching Mortar: Mix dry-pack patching mortar, consisting of one part portland cement to two and one-half parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 sieve, using only enough water for handling and placing.
- C. Repairing Formed Surfaces: Surface defects include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycombs, rock pockets, fins and other projections on the surface, and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning.
 - 1. Immediately after form removal, cut out honeycombs, rock pockets, and voids more than 1/2 inch in any dimension to solid concrete. Limit cut depth to 3/4 inch. Make edges of cuts perpendicular to concrete surface. Clean, dampen with water, and brush-coat holes

and voids with bonding agent. Fill and compact with patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Fill form-tie voids with patching mortar or cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.

- 2. Repair defects on surfaces exposed to view by blending white portland cement and standard portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match surrounding color. Patch a test area at inconspicuous locations to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike off slightly higher than surrounding surface.
- 3. Repair defects on concealed formed surfaces that affect concrete's durability and structural performance as determined by Architect.
- D. Repairing Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as floors and slabs, for finish and verify surface tolerances specified for each surface. Correct low and high areas. Test surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope and smoothness; use a sloped template.
 - 1. Repair finished surfaces containing defects. Surface defects include spalls, popouts, honeycombs, rock pockets, crazing and cracks in excess of 0.01 inch wide or that penetrate to reinforcement or completely through unreinforced sections regardless of width, and other objectionable conditions.
 - 2. After concrete has cured at least 14 days, correct high areas by grinding.
 - 3. Correct localized low areas during or immediately after completing surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with patching mortar. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete.
 - 4. Correct other low areas scheduled to receive floor coverings with a repair underlayment. Prepare, mix, and apply repair underlayment and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface. Feather edges to match adjacent floor elevations.
 - 5. Correct other low areas scheduled to remain exposed with a repair topping. Cut out low areas to ensure a minimum repair topping depth of 1/4 inch to match adjacent floor elevations. Prepare, mix, and apply repair topping and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface.
 - 6. Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes 1 inch or less in diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas with clean, square cuts and expose steel reinforcement with at least a 3/4-inch clearance all around. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply bonding agent. Mix patching concrete of same materials and mixture as original concrete except without coarse aggregate. Place, compact, and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.
 - 7. Repair random cracks and single holes 1 inch or less in diameter with patching mortar. Groove top of cracks and cut out holes to sound concrete and clean off dust, dirt, and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding agent. Place patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Compact patching mortar and finish to match adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for at least 72 hours.
- E. Perform structural repairs of concrete, subject to Architect's approval, using epoxy adhesive and patching mortar.
- F. Repair materials and installation not specified above may be used, subject to Architect's approval.

3.13 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing and Inspecting: Owner will engage a special inspector and qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Testing and Inspecting: Engage a qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform tests and inspections and to submit reports.
- C. Inspections:
 - 1. Steel reinforcement placement.
 - 2. Steel reinforcement welding.
 - 3. Headed bolts and studs.
 - 4. Verification of use of required design mixture.
 - 5. Concrete placement, including conveying and depositing.
 - 6. Curing procedures and maintenance of curing temperature.
 - 7. Verification of concrete strength before removal of shores and forms from beams and slabs.
- D. Concrete Tests: Testing of composite samples of fresh concrete obtained according to ASTM C 172 shall be performed according to the following requirements:
 - 1. Testing Frequency: Obtain one composite sample for each day's pour of each concrete mixture exceeding 5 cu. yd., but less than 25 cu. yd., plus one set for each additional 50 cu. yd. or fraction thereof.
 - 2. Testing Frequency: Obtain at least one composite sample for each 100 cu. yd. or fraction thereof of each concrete mixture placed each day.
 - a. When frequency of testing will provide fewer than five compressive-strength tests for each concrete mixture, testing shall be conducted from at least five randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five are used.
 - 3. Slump: ASTM C 143/C 143M; one test at point of placement for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture. Perform additional tests when concrete consistency appears to change.
 - 4. Air Content: ASTM C 231, pressure method, for normal-weight concrete; [ASTM C 173/C 173M, volumetric method, for structural lightweight concrete;]one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.
 - 5. Concrete Temperature: ASTM C 1064/C 1064M; one test hourly when air temperature is 40 deg F and below and when 80 deg F above, and one test for each composite sample.
 - 6. Unit Weight: ASTM C 567, fresh unit weight of structural lightweight concrete; one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.
 - 7. Compression Test Specimens: ASTM C 31/C 31M.
 - a. Cast and laboratory cure two sets of two standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.
 - b. Cast and field cure two sets of two standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.

- 8. Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C 39/C 39M; test one set of two laboratory-cured specimens at 7 days and one set of two specimens at 28 days.
 - a. Test one set of two field-cured specimens at 7 days and one set of two specimens at 28 days.
 - b. A compressive-strength test shall be the average compressive strength from a set of two specimens obtained from same composite sample and tested at age indicated.
- 9. When strength of field-cured cylinders is less than 85 percent of companion laboratorycured cylinders, Contractor shall evaluate operations and provide corrective procedures for protecting and curing in-place concrete.
- 10. Strength of each concrete mixture will be satisfactory if every average of any three consecutive compressive-strength tests equals or exceeds specified compressive strength and no compressive-strength test value falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi.
- 11. Test results shall be reported in writing to Architect, concrete manufacturer, and Contractor within 48 hours of testing. Reports of compressive-strength tests shall contain Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing and inspecting agency, location of concrete batch in Work, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mixture proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7- and 28-day tests.
- 12. Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted by Architect but will not be used as sole basis for approval or rejection of concrete.
- 13. Additional Tests: Testing and inspecting agency shall make additional tests of concrete when test results indicate that slump, air entrainment, compressive strengths, or other requirements have not been met, as directed by Architect. Testing and inspecting agency may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42/C 42M or by other methods as directed by Architect.
- 14. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
- 15. Correct deficiencies in the Work that test reports and inspections indicate do not comply with the Contract Documents.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03410

PLANT-PRECAST STRUCTURAL CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Precast structural concrete.
- B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete"

1.3 DEFINITION

A. Design Reference Sample: Sample of approved precast structural concrete color, finish, and texture, preapproved by Engineer.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design precast structural concrete, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a structural engineer licensed in State of Hawaii, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- B. Structural Performance: Precast structural concrete units and connections shall withstand design loads indicated within limits and under conditions indicated.
- C. Structural Performance: Provide precast structural concrete units and connections capable of withstanding the following design loads within limits and under conditions indicated:
 - 1. Dead Loads: As shown in construction drawings
 - 2. Concrete Topping Load: As shown in construction drawings
 - 3. Live Loads: HL-93
 - 4. Design precast structural concrete framing system and connections to maintain clearances at openings, to allow for fabrication and construction tolerances, to accommodate live-load deflection, shrinkage and creep of primary building structure, and other building movements. Maintain precast structural concrete deflections within limits of ACI 318.

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1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each precast concrete mixture. Include compressive strength and waterabsorption tests.
- C. Shop Drawings: Include member locations, plans, elevations, dimensions, shapes and sections, openings, support conditions, and types of reinforcement, including special reinforcement. Detail fabrication and installation of precast structural concrete units.
 - 1. Indicate joints, reveals, and extent and location of each surface finish.
 - 2. Indicate separate face and backup mixture locations and thicknesses.
 - 3. Detail loose and cast-in hardware, lifting and erection inserts, connections, and joints.
 - 4. Indicate locations, tolerances, and details of anchorage devices to be embedded in or attached to structure or other construction.
 - 5. Include and locate openings larger than by 10 inches
 - 6. Indicate location of each precast structural concrete unit by same identification mark placed on panel.
 - 7. Indicate relationship of precast structural concrete units to adjacent materials.
 - 8. Indicate locations and details of brick units, including corner units and special shapes, and joint treatment.
 - 9. Indicate locations and details of stone facings, anchors, and joint widths.
 - 10. Indicate estimated camber for precast floor slabs with concrete toppings.
 - 11. Indicate shim sizes and grouting sequence.
 - 12. Design Modifications: If design modifications are proposed to meet performance requirements and field conditions, submit design calculations and Shop Drawings. Do not adversely affect the appearance, durability, or strength of units when modifying details or materials and maintain the general design concept.
- D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For precast structural concrete indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
- E. Qualification Data: For fabricator.
- F. Material Certificates: For the following, from manufacturer:
 - 1. Cementitious materials.
 - 2. Reinforcing materials and prestressing tendons.
 - 3. Admixtures.
 - 4. Structural-steel shapes and hollow structural sections.
- G. Material Test Reports: For aggregates.
- H. Source quality-control reports.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: A firm that assumes responsibility for engineering precast structural concrete units to comply with performance requirements. Responsibility includes preparation of Shop Drawings and comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer.
 - 1. Participates in PCI's Plant Certification programand is designated a PCI-certified plant as follows:
 - a. Group CA, Category C1A Precast Concrete Products (no prestressed reinforcement)
- B. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.
- C. Design Standards: Comply with ACI 318 and design recommendations in PCI MNL 120, "PCI Design Handbook Precast and Prestressed Concrete," applicable to types of precast structural concrete units indicated.
- D. Quality-Control Standard: For manufacturing procedures and testing requirements, qualitycontrol recommendations, and dimensional tolerances for types of units required, comply with PCI MNL 116, "Manual for Quality Control for Plants and Production of Structural Precast Concrete Products."

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Support units during shipment on nonstaining shock-absorbing material in same position as during storage.
- B. Store units with adequate bracing and protect units to prevent contact with soil, to prevent staining, and to prevent cracking, distortion, warping or other physical damage.
 - 1. Store units with dunnage across full width of each bearing point unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Place adequate dunnage of even thickness between each unit.
 - 3. Place stored units so identification marks are clearly visible, and units can be inspected.
- C. Handle and transport units in a position consistent with their shape and design in order to avoid excessive stresses that would cause cracking or damage.
- D. Lift and support units only at designated points shown on Shop Drawings.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Furnish loose connection hardware and anchorage items to be embedded in or attached to other construction before starting that Work. Provide locations, setting diagrams, templates, instructions, and directions, as required, for installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MOLD MATERIALS

- A. Molds: Rigid, dimensionally stable, non-absorptive material, warp and buckle free, that will provide continuous and true precast concrete surfaces within fabrication tolerances indicated; nonreactive with concrete and suitable for producing required finishes.
 - 1. Mold-Release Agent: Commercially produced liquid-release agent that will not bond with, stain or adversely affect precast concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent surface or joint treatments of precast concrete.

2.2 REINFORCING MATERIALS

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed.
- B. Supports: Suspend reinforcement from back of mold or use bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place according to PCI MNL 116.

2.3 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or Type III, gray, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. For surfaces exposed to view in finished structure, mix gray with white cement, of same type, brand, and mill source.
- B. Supplementary Cementitious Materials:
 - 1. Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Class C or F, with maximum loss on ignition of 3 percent.
 - 2. Metakaolin Admixture: ASTM C 618, Class N.
 - 3. Silica Fume Admixture: ASTM C 1240, with optional chemical and physical requirement.
 - 4. Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: ASTM C 989, Grade 100 or 120.
- C. Coloring Admixture: ASTM C 979, synthetic or natural mineral-oxide pigments or colored water-reducing admixtures, temperature stable, and nonfading.
- D. Water: Potable; free from deleterious material that may affect color stability, setting, or strength of concrete and complying with chemical limits of PCI MNL 116.
- E. Chemical Admixtures: Certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and to not contain calcium chloride, or more than 0.15 percent chloride ions or other salts by weight of admixture.
 - 1. Water-Reducing Admixtures: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
 - 2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.
 - 3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.
 - 4. Water-Reducing and Accelerating Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type E.

- 5. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F.
- 6. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G.
- 7. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M.
- F. Corrosion-Inhibiting Admixture: Commercially formulated, anodic inhibitor or mixed cathodic and anodic inhibitor; capable of forming a protective barrier and minimizing chloride reactions with steel reinforcement in concrete.

2.4 STAINLESS-STEEL CONNECTION MATERIALS

A. Stainless-Steel Bolts and Studs: ASTM F 593, Alloy 316, hex-head bolts and studs; stainlesssteel nuts; and flat, stainless-steel washers. Lubricate threaded parts of stainless-steel bolts with an antiseize thread lubricant during assembly.

2.5 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- A. Prepare design mixtures for each type of precast concrete required.
 - 1. Use fly ash, pozzolan, ground granulated blast-furnace slag, and silica fume as needed to reduce the total amount of portland cement, which would otherwise be used, by not less than 40 percent.
 - 2. Limit use of fly ash to 25 percent replacement of portland cement by weight and granulated blast-furnace slag to 40 percent of portland cement by weight; metakaolin and silica fume to 10 percent of portland cement by weight.
- B. Design mixtures may be prepared by a qualified independent testing agency or by qualified precast plant personnel at precast structural concrete fabricator's option.
- C. Limit water-soluble chloride ions to maximum percentage by weight of cement permitted by ACI 318 or PCI MNL 116 when tested according to ASTM C 1218/C 1218M.
- D. Normal-Weight Concrete Mixtures: Proportion by either laboratory trial batch or field test data methods according to ACI 211.1, with materials to be used on Project, to provide normal-weight concrete with the following properties:
 - 1. Compressive Strength (28 Days): 4000 psi
 - 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio: 0.45.
- E. Water Absorption: 6 percent by weight or 14 percent by volume, tested according to PCI MNL 116.
- F. When included in design mixtures, add other admixtures to concrete mixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- G. Concrete Mix Adjustments: Concrete mix design adjustments may be proposed if characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant.

2.6 FABRICATION

- A. Cast-in Anchors, Inserts, Plates, Angles, and Other Anchorage Hardware: Fabricate anchorage hardware with sufficient anchorage and embedment to comply with design requirements. Accurately position for attachment of loose hardware, and secure in place during precasting operations. Locate anchorage hardware where it does not affect position of main reinforcement or concrete placement.
- B. Furnish loose hardware items including steel plates, clip angles, seat angles, anchors, dowels, cramps, hangers, and other hardware shapes for securing precast structural concrete units to supporting and adjacent construction.
- C. Cast-in reglets, slots, holes, and other accessories in precast structural concrete units as indicated on the Contract Drawings.
- D. Reinforcement: Comply with recommendations in PCI MNL 116 for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.
 - 1. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, and other materials that reduce or destroy the bond with concrete. When damage to epoxy-coated reinforcement exceeds limits specified, repair with patching material compatible with coating material and epoxy coat bar ends after cutting.
 - 2. Accurately position, support, and secure reinforcement against displacement during concrete-placement and consolidation operations. Completely conceal support devices to prevent exposure on finished surfaces.
- E. Reinforce precast structural concrete units to resist handling, transportation, and erection stresses.
- F. Comply with requirements in PCI MNL 116 and in this Section for measuring, mixing, transporting, and placing concrete. After concrete batching, no additional water may be added.
- G. Place concrete in a continuous operation to prevent seams or planes of weakness from forming in precast concrete units.
- H. Thoroughly consolidate placed concrete by internal and external vibration without dislocating or damaging reinforcement and built-in items, and minimize pour lines, honeycombing, or entrapped air on surfaces. Use equipment and procedures complying with PCI MNL 116.
- I. Identify pickup points of precast structural concrete units and orientation in structure with permanent markings, complying with markings indicated on Shop Drawings. Imprint or permanently mark casting date on each precast structural concrete unit on a surface that will not show in finished structure.
- J. Cure concrete, according to requirements in PCI MNL 116, by moisture retention without heat or by accelerated heat curing using low-pressure live steam or radiant heat and moisture. Cure units until compressive strength is high enough to ensure that stripping does not have an effect on performance or appearance of final product.

K. Discard and replace precast structural concrete units that do not comply with requirements, including structural, manufacturing tolerance, and appearance, unless repairs meet requirements in PCI MNL 116 and meet Engineer's approval.

2.7 FABRICATION TOLERANCES

A. Fabricate precast structural concrete units straight and true to size and shape with exposed edges and corners precise and true so each finished unit complies with PCI MNL 116 product dimension tolerances.

2.8 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to evaluate precast structural concrete fabricator's quality-control and testing methods.
- B. Testing: Test and inspect precast structural concrete according to PCI MNL 116 requirements.
- C. Strength of precast structural concrete units will be considered deficient if units fail to comply with ACI 318 requirements for concrete strength.
- D. If there is evidence that strength of precast concrete units may be deficient or may not comply with ACI 318 requirements, employ a qualified testing agency to obtain, prepare, and test cores drilled from hardened concrete to determine compressive strength according to ASTM C 42/C 42M.
 - 1. A minimum of three representative cores will be taken from units of suspect strength, from locations directed by Engineer.
 - 2. Cores will be tested in an air-dry condition or, if units will be wet under service conditions, test cores after immersion in water in a wet condition.
 - 3. Strength of concrete for each series of 3 cores will be considered satisfactory if average compressive strength is equal to at least 85 percent of 28-day design compressive strength and no single core is less than 75 percent of 28-day design compressive strength.
 - 4. Test results will be made in writing on same day that tests are performed, with copies to Engineer, Contractor, and precast concrete fabricator. Test reports will include the following:
 - a. Project identification name and number.
 - b. Date when tests were performed.
 - c. Name of precast concrete fabricator.
 - d. Name of concrete testing agency.
 - e. Identification letter, name, and type of precast concrete unit(s) represented by core tests; design compressive strength; type of break; compressive strength at breaks, corrected for length-diameter ratio; and direction of applied load to core in relation to horizontal plane of concrete as placed.
- E. Patching: If core test results are satisfactory and precast structural concrete units comply with requirements, clean and dampen core holes and solidly fill with same precast concrete mixture that has no coarse aggregate, and finish to match adjacent precast concrete surfaces.

F. Defective Units: Discard and replace precast structural concrete units that do not comply with requirements, including strength, manufacturing tolerances, and color and texture range. Chipped, spalled, or cracked units may be repaired, subject to Engineer's approval. Engineer reserves the right to reject precast units that do not match approved samples, sample panels, and mockups.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine supporting structural frame or foundation and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, true and level bearing surfaces, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- C. Do not install precast concrete units until supporting, cast-in-place, building structural framing has attained minimum allowable design compressive strength or until supporting steel or other structure is complete.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install clips, hangers, bearing pads, and other accessories required for connecting precast structural concrete units to supporting members and backup materials.
- B. Erect precast structural concrete level, plumb, and square within specified allowable tolerances. Provide temporary structural framing, supports, and bracing as required to maintain position, stability, and alignment of units until permanent connection.
 - 1. Install temporary steel or plastic spacing shims or bearing pads as precast structural concrete units are being erected. Tack weld steel shims to each other to prevent shims from separating.
 - 2. Maintain horizontal and vertical joint alignment and uniform joint width as erection progresses.
 - 3. Remove projecting lifting devices and grout fill voids within recessed lifting devices flush with surface of adjacent precast surfaces when recess is exposed.
- C. Connect precast structural concrete units in position by bolting, welding, grouting, or as otherwise indicated on Shop Drawings. Remove temporary shims, wedges, and spacers as soon as practical after connecting and grouting are completed.
- D. Field cutting of precast units is not permitted without approval of the Engineer.
- E. Fasteners: Do not use drilled or powder-actuated fasteners for attaching accessory items to precast, prestressed concrete units.

3.3 ERECTION TOLERANCES

- A. Erect precast structural concrete units level, plumb, square, true, and in alignment without exceeding the noncumulative erection tolerances of PCI MNL 135.
- B. Minimize variations between adjacent slab members by jacking, loading, or other method recommended by fabricator and approved by Engineer.

3.4 CLEANING

- A. Clean mortar, plaster, fireproofing, weld slag, and other deleterious material from concrete surfaces and adjacent materials immediately.
- B. Clean exposed surfaces of precast concrete units after erection and completion of joint treatment to remove weld marks, other markings, dirt, and stains.
 - 1. Perform cleaning procedures, if necessary, according to precast concrete fabricator's written recommendations. Clean soiled precast concrete surfaces with detergent and water, using stiff fiber brushes and sponges, and rinse with clean water. Protect other work from staining or damage due to cleaning operations.
 - 2. Do not use cleaning materials or processes that could change the appearance of exposed concrete finishes or damage adjacent materials.

END OF SECTION 03410

SECTION 05500

METAL FABRICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Stainless Steel Plates and Bolts.
- B. Products furnished, but not installed, under this Section:
 - 1. Stainless steel plates and bolts.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for metal fabrications.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and details of metal fabrications and their connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.
- B. Mill Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of stainless-steel certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.

1.4 **PROJECT CONDITIONS**

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls and other construction contiguous with metal fabrications by field measurements before fabrication.

1.5 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate selection of shop primers with topcoats to be applied over them. Comply with paint and coating manufacturers' written recommendations to ensure that shop primers and topcoats are compatible with one another.
- B. Coordinate installation of anchorages. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral

anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METALS, GENERAL

A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces unless otherwise indicated. For metal fabrications exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or blemishes.

2.2 FERROUS METALS

A. Stainless-Steel Plate: ASTM A 240/A 240M or ASTM A 666, Type 316L.

2.3 FASTENERS

- A. General: Unless otherwise indicated, provide **Type 316** stainless-steel fasteners for exterior use and zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941 (ASTM F 1941M), Class Fe/Zn 5. Select fasteners for type, grade, and class required.
 - 1. Provide stainless-steel fasteners for fastening fiber reinforced plastics.
- B. Stainless-Steel Bolts and Nuts: Regular hexagon-head annealed stainless-steel bolts, ASTM F 593 (ASTM F 738M); with hex nuts, ASTM F 594 (ASTM F 836M); and, where indicated, flat washers; Alloy **Group 2 (A4)**.
- C. Post-Installed Anchors: Torque-controlled expansion anchors or chemical anchors.
 - Material for Exterior Locations and Where Stainless Steel is Indicated: Alloy Group 2 (A4) stainless-steel bolts, ASTM F 593 (ASTM F 738M), and nuts, ASTM F 594 (ASTM F 836M).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal fabrications. Set metal fabrications accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack; and measured from established lines and levels.
- B. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.

Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of exterior units that have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.

3.2 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas. Paint uncoated and abraded areas with the same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.
 - 1. Apply by brush or spray to provide a minimum 2.0-mil (0.05-mm) dry film thickness.
- B. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint are specified in Division 9 painting Sections.
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 05500

SECTION 06710 FIBERGLASS REINFORCED POLYMER (FRP)

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.

1.02 SUMMARY:

A. This section includes FRP Products & Fabrications for Structural Shapes and Plate.

1.03 SCOPE OF WORK:

A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals governed by this section necessary to install the fiberglass reinforced polymer (FRP) products as specified herein.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. The material covered by these specifications shall be furnished by an ISO-9001 certified manufacturer of proven ability who is regularly engaged in the manufacture, fabrication and installation of FRP systems.
- B. Substitution of any component or modification of system shall be made only when approved by the Architect or Design Engineer.
- C. Fabricator Qualifications: Firm experienced in successfully producing FRP fabrications similar to that indicated for this project, with sufficient production capacity to produce required units without causing delay in the work.
- D. In addition to requirements of these specifications, comply withmanufacturer's instructions and recommendations for work.

1.05 DESIGN CRITERIA:

- A. The design of structural shapes and plate, including connections, shall be in accordance with governing building codes and standards as applicable.
- B. Structural members shall be designed to support all applied loads. Deflection in any direction shall not be more than L/180 of span for structural members unless specifically stated otherwise in drawings and/or supplementary conditions. Connections shall be designed to transfer the loads.

1.06 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Shop drawings of all structural shapes and plate shall be submitted to the Design Engineer for approval.
- B. Fabrication shall not start until receipt of Design Engineer's approval marked "Approved As Submitted" or "Approved As Noted".
- C. Detail shop drawings showing:
 - 1. Dimensions
 - 2. Sectional assembly
 - 3. Location and identification mark
 - 4. Size and type of supporting frames required

1.07 SHIPPING AND STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS:

- A. All systems, sub-systems and structures shall be shop fabricated and assembled into the largest practical size suitable for transporting.
- B. All materials and equipment necessary for the fabrication and installation of structural shapes and plate and appurtenances shall be stored before, during, and after shipment in a manner to prevent cracking, twisting, bending, breaking, chipping or damage of any kind to the materials or equipment, including damage due to over exposure to the sun. Any material which, in the opinion of the Design Engineer, has become damaged as to be unfit for use, shall be promptly removed from the site of work, and the Contractor shall receive no compensation for the damaged material or its removal.
- C. Identify and match-mark all materials, items and fabrications for installation and field assembly.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL:

- A. Materials used in the manufacture of the FRP products shall be raw materials in conformance with the specification and certified as meeting the manufacturer's approved list of raw materials.
- B. All raw materials shall be as specified by the contract.
- C. The visual quality of the pultruded shapes shall conform to ASTM D4385.
- D. All FRP products noted in 1.02 shall be manufactured using a pultruded process utilizing vinyl ester_ resin with flame retardant and ultraviolet (UV) inhibitor additives. A synthetic surface veil fabric shall encase the glass reinforcement. FRP shapes shall achieve a flame spread rating of 25 or less in accordance with ASTM test method E-84, the flammability characteristics of UL 94 V0 and the self-extinguishing requirements of ASTM D635.
- E. If required, after fabrication, all cut ends, holes and abrasions of FRP shapes shall be sealed with a compatible resin coating.

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- F. FRP products exposed to weather shall contain an ultraviolet inhibitor. Should additional ultraviolet protection be required, a one mil minimum UV coating can be applied.
- G. All exposed surfaces shall be smooth and true to form, consistent with ASTM D4385.
- H. Pultruded FRP products shall be manufactured and fabricated in the USA. Manufacturer shall provide a written Certificate of Compliance.
- I. The materials covered by these specifications shall be furnished by an ISO-9001 certified manufacturer.

2.02 FRP STRUCTURAL SHAPES AND PLATE:

- A. Material
 - 1. Structural shapes and plate shall be made from_vinyl ester_resin with fire retardant additives to meet a flame spread rating of less than 25 per ASTM E-84, the flammability characteristics of UL 94 V0 and meet the self-extinguishing requirements of ASTM D-635. All structural shapes shall contain a UV inhibitor.
 - 2. Pultruded profiles shall satisfy the visual requirements of ASTM D4385.
- B. Process
 - 1. Manufactured by the pultrusion process.
- 2.03 Structural FRP members' composition shall consist of a glass fiber reinforced vinyl ester resin matrix and glass reinforcements. A synthetic surface veil fabric shall encase the glass reinforcement. Glass strand rovings shall be used internally for longitudinal strength. Continuous strand glass mats or stitched reinforcements shall be used internally for transverse strength.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION:

- A. Coordinate and furnish setting drawings, diagrams, and templates for all FRP material. Provide instructions for installation of concrete inserts, sleeves, and miscellaneous items having integral anchors that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry construction.
- B. Coordinate delivery of such items to project site.
- 3.02 INSPECTION AND TESTING:
 - A. The Design Engineer shall have the right to inspect all materials to be furnished under these specifications prior to their shipment from the point of manufacture.
 - B. All labor, power, materials, equipment and appurtenances required for testing shall be furnished by

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the Contractor at no cost to the Owner.

3.03 INSTALLATION, GENERAL:

- A. Fastening to in-place construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where necessary for securing miscellaneous FRP fabrications to in-place construction; include threaded fasteners for concrete and masonry inserts, toggle bolts, through- bolts, lag bolts and other connectors as determined by the Design Engineer of Record.
- B. Cutting, fitting and placement: Perform cutting, drilling and fitting required for installation of miscellaneous FRP fabrications. Set FRP fabrication accurately in location, alignment and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true and free of rack; measured from established lines and levels.
- C. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in form work for items that are to be built into concrete masonry or similar construction.

3.04 ALL FRP INSTALLATION:

- A. If required, all field cut and drilled edges, holes and abrasions shall be sealed with a catalyzed resin compatible with the original resin as recommended by the manufacturer.
- B. Install items specified as indicated and in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

End of Section 06710